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ACTOBIOGRAPHY OF JOHE E. M.ASAEV



Oomn E.MKassey.

## AUTOBIOGRAPHY

 $O F$
## JOHN E. MASSEY

EMITEM RY
ELIZABETH H. HAN('O('K'


THE NEALE P BLISHIN(: (OMH.SNY
('oryHicht, lung, by
1HHENEALE, Pl BLASHING CONHANY

## 

Mr. Massify imtroltad blmahr tha bowhs wit

 flys. This matorial ansisted of lethers motes



 Sergutrare.


 have hern a Dehtraviner lommerall if I hatl burn wh enmath, while all the member: of mus famild
 justor mosermat. In lmilling lha loms, a I Hamk Mr. Masery womld hatw dome rivilter a comb-





 duminalnd the pelitioal lifr of Virainial durimer 1/1. last ramtury.

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## Autobiography of John E. Massey

## CIIAITTER I

## 

My amments amberom Enoramd to Virginia at an eaty profol. 'Thr home of my sraml-
 (ombly: Ilis hamal was llor firs thime I dis.

 the that righty rears hate mat whiterated it.
 ॥as Mary (artor. She was an Epismpalian of

 When max ellow brohloer herame al haptist min-




I! monlor, before her marriate was liliza-




 wan for mallos sears the rlark.




 of her rhar:arter:


When the time of her departure eame she was in the allitmde of readiness: and thonght her death was smblen, it was peaternal. . . . In her moighborloor, as a skillfal morse and a sympathi\%ing friemd amd combsellor, she was eminently losfol. lint it was in her family remede that her exrellence was most folt. Ss a wife amt mother,
 hore amiable disposition same her almost unhombled inthenere. Lar family not only loved her hat mesperned here To the day of her death, her coumsels athd autions hat rontrolling inthenere with her rhildrem: with them her Wishts had newer erased formmand the resperet of a bimding anthority, her approvinge smile had never erased to he a pare delight."

Thar viger and rherefolness of my father were mansual. Ho lived to be rightrerioht rates old, amd he hat bren a member of the liatplist ('lumer for mearly sisty fears. The followiner extract is from the notion of his dath, publishod in the lir lialions Mromld:
" H: Was Her deroted friomd of that himble,
 pastor. ID W: We contomporary with Absalom
 billineser. . Jand Horman, and their anhabwers, and lar uften listemed to bleir instrme lons with delight amel protit. Thomer ratholia in his forlines foward dhristians of ever name. hr 1 ans - troner in his attarlament to the doetrines


 limital whly he his moans and opportmatios. ili-falth Wats stront amd his hope jovful."




 at an early ate. I rammol mall ally lime of




 Was lhe mattre. hat I emald mot explain. I

 th heromer whe. hat | thomsht (hriatians mast










 that I. tow, Was makinor falir protros. I was





 not lomsing his framme of minl. I salit sumb



## 12. Iutobiography of Johm E. Massey

hor belioved heramh be a (hristian if it were mot for me. Ilis remark irritated me for a mo-
 of himfreine a doarly lowed hrother from becom-


Xob lomer after this, while we were at dinner ont Emblar, my sister Mary antered the diningrown, amd ammommed that brother Benjamin had bern reroived hy the dood llope elomed as atantialato for haptixum.
 to me. I went al oner to a growe some distanere
 had mex.r prated bofore. I had hern asking (iml forakr manoml. I now felt, for the first time. flat I was a poor simmer descrving His displeasmer: that I had imsulted Hime hy my

 Whan I arose forermin I felt mable to do so,
 was ". low." I foll mpen my knees again, and buereal fur moiry will all the ardor of my na-
 demly m! y burden left me: I heime mo sombl. I


 whan it moalll. The ralm that I experionered







 -hater, alll when the pastor was informed of my wish, he amd the deacons held a ronfremer to romsider the alvisability uf exon heariner what
 my examination was rigid wer math on the urare of the aressexamination of a witness. At its comelnsion the pastor salit: * Wi.ll, my little brother, if giol has reatived ront, we will hate for du xa, loo.
[afore the arrival of the das appointed for
 ing hern contreted while away. He, hrother [amjamin, ame I were haptised on the lith of
 amd wr berame members of (imol Hopre baptist


 passed on my way to it man of the prominent sistres sald, ${ }^{\circ}$ The arallary is the plate for hors." This trombled mo. I womt to the sallery a fow
 xhmed mex sat amoner the memhers, allomirh I folt that my doing su was comsiderad prosimp. thoms. lint my dhty as a membro of the rhareh



 time for him, rerelmely left withomt hatime






## 14

 Autobiography of John E. Masseyfour days meeting in a grow at Mount Hermon Chureh, and after the prearhing was ower I felt an irrexistible impulse to make an exhortation. Boing small, even for one of my age, I stood unw a bench and talked to the young people. When I concluded my remarks 1 felt that I had arted ohtrusively: but my pastor came to me, and putting his hand upon my head, spoke in a way to encourage me.

Not long afterward I attemded a similar meeting at Antiow Chureh, in Orange County, and although I was mot acquainted with the pastor or members of that chureh, I had a feeling of dread that I should be asked to say something. I went into the chureh barly, and took a seat hohind a door. After an earnest sermon by Ehder Powedl, and an aprarently ineffective exhortation from the pastor, the former looked wor to me and said, "My little brother, can't sou talk to the peopla?"

The bethern aromed me led me forward and phaced me on the pulpit steprs. I folt ambarrasserl, and I "ommuneed by saying, "Will you hear something from a little loy." I have never been ahbe toremall ancthing rese I said. My discomposure beft me, and I spoke as the spirit Lasw me witer:ance.

The effere amazad me. Men and women arose in every part of the houser, erowded around the pulpit, and falling upon their knees, rried, "Pray for me: pay for me:" The whole congresation sarmed mosed as I mever saw one
 wreally mowel sime. The affere was doubtless dum mine to my rhithish aperarame than it was th anything I said.

I was sent to buth sunday and "old-fird"" whools at an earty are and 1 wombinnd to at tend them until I was fiftern wans ohd. Sumdaysthend teachers in these dags rempired the selonars that cond rad to momit to memory verse of Seriphere, and stimulated them to da so ly griving them tickers. 1 did mot then molerstand mum that I learmed, hint I hand the texte stered away in my mind, and fomme them herpful in
 were the best training for the ministry that I arer had.

Many of the "old tiehl" sehmomastars were porly qualified for their vomano. They were deficiont in chantion, amb mokilled in impart ing what they knew. Their manmer of tathing grammar, if it eouht he ralled teathing. was on rempire pupils to harin the examples umder the twontyon rules of Murats Cammar and to repeat them in the preere langrage of the bow.

The "renl" was an impertant adjunt to the tombrers work. It was menally installed in a "omspinums phate as "Prime Ninistor," hat it exereised the fumetions of all whartments of
 -and was rmphatically the " Minister of War." "Aaron's rod that hudded" was varmely murn awe-inspiring th then that beheld it than the pedagumber was th his stholats.

The "ohderide" whomomse was usually built of monewh lurs. with the spares hetwern tillen with split saplings aml mol. A writimedek Was construded in orn and of the homen ley fast. ranes two plank in alantine prsition on a frame about four fort high, amb a har was lift folt of the wall a lithle aboer this desk in order
to rive light amd rentilation. The benehes were madre of split logs sawed on the top, with leas driver into holes bored in the bottom. They were ufterl so high that the fert of the smather shohars eombl mot rearh the floor, which was, in maty rases, the hare narth.

The books eremerally med were the New York spellor, lokrs Arithmetie, amd Murares (irammar. Mans wholars had mo beader but the New Textament. Ome boy that I attended seheol with hat a rolp of " liohinson (rusoe" : another had " l'ilerim" lerospess ": and when they sabl their hesums I listraed with almiring womler, be. laviner the maratives to be veritable histories.
lonponnising as these sebools amd their emviromments were, they sent forth to hoss mankind mams sucosefnl doctors, brilliant hawers, distimulished statamern, and ronsereated ministers of the (iosperl.

The mreatest meteorie display of the nineterntherntury wernered on the night of the oth
 nht. I refer th the $\cdot$ fallinge stars." The seene was aramd athl heamiful heromd deseription, and las mal from lofare midnight matil after dayhreati. The whole hermens seemed to be on fire and ibu sparks for he deseemding instead of ascobline The lownobur was as abmolant as the falliale of hail in a foreer storm: and the earth

 fallity imatrimed. The mextore ran to their mas-
 lames allal ram, seramintr and praying to their

deserted. It was the means of aromsing many presoms, both whit, amd bark, to a sumin of the importane of beine prepared for dath and the juldrment-bar.
 inary, mow Ridhmond collare. I walked most of the distamer sixty miles, amd carriod my belonginges in a pillowerase swomer wher shombder.

It the (haristmas vamation a started home om a wamen that was torn to a mint within worn miles of my fathers homse. I healy rain, amd
 remberd the bridge own it mand for the watens.

 nearly enme and was wet and ond and hange.
 readside. A woman met me at the dome amb.
 the night theres sall that whe hat mothing for
 hand wheral whidern and whe was wer ferer. I

 (1) His. Thare was wond in the compro and 1 nsed it frenly: hat whon I did su the thimed time the womall raised in in lod and twh min I mas








## 18 Autobiography of John E. Massey

11p. The task was severe: and the temptation to abandon it great. I had had neither dinner nor supher the day before; 1 was weak, and the weather was cohd. But I perserered; and after arrving the wool into the homse 1 started on my lomely jomrner, feeling thankfol to the poor woman for shelter and lodging-poor, indeed, hut the best she renld give

A competent teacher taught school four miles from my fatheres in 18:38, and during my walks to and from that school I believe I learned more than I erer did before or siner during the same hongh of time. In 1s:3 lattemed Dr. Gillespiers selool in Lomisa County for a short while, and the following var I tanght a large school in that romity. In 1 s 41 l re-entered Richmond rollow.

When 1 berame eighteen rears old I joined a large voluntere military monamy. Soon after, ther abtain resigurd. and I was elected his sucrescor. sume oftions of the regiment said to
 rompaty." I did sto, feeling that I was doing wrone in conforming to a rustom I did not approw; and I mexreremated it.

Iftre I had been in oflier suraral years, a furniturd daler in Ridhmmen, of whom I was making purnhases, addressed me as "Colonel" so frombently that 1 salid th him in a serions tone,
 at that. hut full gromeral!" the began to apol"E2\% : :alld he kow I was a military offecer, hut di! mot know m! ramk. I rophed. " 1 am neither
 on. at the that downt belong to me, give me whe woth having."

The heright to whieh a lithe tithe revates some mell itt their wwn motimation peminds me of the story of the math just rlated eorperal. He Was whine his wife of the homor eonfermed mon him: his rhihtron, hoariner with delight, astial, " Foather, ala't wr all rorporals:""
" No." salid the mothere, " nome hat ! and / are rarpurals."

After leating collegr I studid law muler the
 Gomet llomse. While doing this I worked in my fathores shap in the day and stmodiod at night. My father was al farmer atme al mor-lamie. I mate spimming-whots and rhaires in his shop: these I took to Lanisa amd spotsylvanial (omut Homses in a horse cart on rombedays, amd thas fallod money to paty for mer law books and my illstructiont.

From varly boyhome I hat desired amal purposed to be a lawrer. Whern the upportuaty. (ame to propare mbelf for it 1 was facimated





 of that and adjuininis combtios.

## rllal'TER II

FROM THE: R:AR TO THE PIOAIT
Whes I wemt to Ladmomin Comity to practice
 tortoll 'hareh, of which my brother. Joseph T. Mascrey, was pastar. I had comthomensy talien part in melisions survore-l had ratd the serip)tores, and whorted. and prated in meetings. Sum after my eonimertion with Kktorton (horreh a pontabed mouting was hold. I igh water pres sented ther pratehers that experted to atteme from buing present, and as my brother wished mor lo assist him, I did so for sexomal days.

M! honher, wn amother oreasion, was prebollad he sirknos in his family from filling an afpuintment at Jomat Kion, in Berkeley (ommty : and ine requestedme to an in his stead. A barge congregation was experding all-tay proarhimer. I was invitel into the pulpit, hut I prefored to memain in fromt of it. At the comrhason of the semond servioe that day a rollere ton was takrn, amd | was told it was their cons-
 plad :hat I thomeht they wore right, hat that I




 h, illo...- in his family. II sald tome. . I will










 － 1.




















 かい小－いい。




2: Autobiography of John E. Massey

- Ms ramme brother, I shall give you some advire that all wher bother gite me when I commonced to !ereach. It is this: You will meet many things during romr ministry that are unarcormmtah/, lhines satid of you and of pour Work, miseonstractions and mistepresentations
 asalmst rom-all wholly watareontutable. A minister of the (inspel eonlal not please the I Devil better than hy wasting his time to areoomt for "matorntuthbs: lay them down, and qo about romr Mastere husiness. Vou will also find many imemoble thimes-things, it may he, that you have sald or dome. that rou traly reoret and Would glatly masaly mendo, hut you cannot. A minister of the (inspel combl mot please the levil hethr than her wasting his time to cure incomblas. Lay them down, and ga about your X:aster: hasiness.
 derstand this atwior when I rerated it; bat I moldretalld it man, and hase made two great
 आh, ※...
$I$ dial mot then appreriater this adviare
 latre a fail rarnd now, alld I shall be so




Alas.alas: how litlo l knew of the world, of


The tiftr-five rears I hate lived simere that






 line to ldxingtom, Vireinia, is almot oll hamdred ame sixty miles. This is mon uf the most
 thestatr.

The whly Missionary liaptist rharehes in this Vallus, al the time of my wrlination, were Manmt





 charehers, wrere more matheroms.



 of the do-molling perlire of . Sntimomianism in his
 to imsite its ministers lovisit his rommt!. It.






 for the sabhath I was (10 br with him.



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1 rode twonty-two miles to my morning appointmelnt, and six to that of the afternoom. I met there an old brother that said afterward, "I feared that rom womld not come; and when you rode up, I wished som had mot romme-at mere boy instad of the man I rxperted! "

There wore many demominations and much prearhimer, surh as it was, in the Valler ; but there was ereat dearth of (iosued preathing.

From that time forth 1 traveled constantly from Jartinsharg, in Jarkeley (ountr, to the countr line of Aurnsta-about one humbered and twenty mils-and preached wherever I conled, in charehes, sehoolhomses, private homses, groves, amd one in the opper story of a distillery. On the Loth of November, 1心4, Salem, the first Missiomary ladptist rhoreh of lockinghan, was romstituterl, and it consisted of twolve mombers. Abont this time Dre Lobort Rylame of satered pomory, visited thr Valley ; amd upon his retum to liachmond had me appointed a missionary of the Vireiniat laptist Association, which relation continned matil I laft the Valley in 1s.

Bitter denominational ferpling was expressed in these dares in langmare that was remde and Huronalh: amd, after hatimer had a variety of *xperiences, I no longer wondered that the mame " Iappist" was umpopular in tha Valley. I fombll that 1 was between the mprer amd bether millstones: that I had to stere my rourse ber
 latplists on the other, as ratefully as if I were sailine betwoen scolla and (haryblis. Dissionary liaptists were maknown in al later portion of the Valloy: amd I. fonner amd inexperionede was the only miscinmary lathtist proachor be-


 hase takrof plate sime that timm arm folly won
 mast extind, while missiomary bapiase habr inrrankel.


 (onmus, Virminia.

After ont marriatr we lived seron rears in

 tong. farmished lights, amd pratehed. |l was natna:al that flase demominations that hat retah.



 of my lifo.
 in latplist primeipes and doctin+s. amd thr im-









lı ハ




26 Autobiography of John E. Massey
between the two combties, for two rears; and duriner that time John brown sient seyeral days there Ile introdnced himself as Dr. McLante and professed to be treating rases of hernia. He said to me that rery few people had any ideat how many mexposes were atlleted with it ; and he stated with them arery opportmity he eomble get. The horse he drove was a gool whe amd in his light wagon he carriod trosses. lle was intelligent, well informed, pleasant in manmers, afferterl mreat pietr, and seremed familiar with the Bihle. He wished me to makr an appointmont for him to prearch. The instinctive feeliner that he was not what he profrsed to be made me dereline to do so. I visited the jail in which he was imprisoned after his Harpers Forry rald, and at onere recognized him


In Liste my health failed and I had to discontimur all pastoral labor. I purchased Ash Lawn, a farm in Alhemarle (ommty that had once been the home of leresident Monroe ; and my family has rexided threre ever since.

## rll.DPTER III

## 

My father Was an "old-lime Whis." aml, lo.




 itiss.




 White tirkets.




 Stalms amd what | :all aml hearl durine my










requirements: Whigs advocated latiturdinous construction of it, and did not serm willing to be governed by its requirements and restrictions. From this loose idea of fumdamental law they were naturally led into loose legishation and seetional prejudices. The Democratie party was national: the Whig party, in the North, was sectional.

These facts cansed me to change my political opinions and atliliations, and kept me in the minority-a Whig in the Democratic countr of laokingham, and a Democrat in the Whig county of Albemarle.

Whern Nouth (arolina, anticipating the consequences that would follow the election of a seetional President, withrew from the Federal Lnion, my brother-in-law in Pemestrania wrote nue: "We are organizing a regiment to tender to the President to be ready at forty-eight hours' notior to correr South (arolina back into the「лion."

I wrote him thr following hetter in reply:
" Dear sir: Your favor of the enth instant rame to hand last evening, and I hasten to reply.
" Prior to my entrance into the Christian ministry I was an adedive participant in the politieal guestions of the day. Since that time I have with rery few exerptons, ontirely refrained from any pariocipation in them. I have a highor and a holirr work to perform, which neither my own imelination nor my seme of duty will arer allow
 liave has bern the miform rontse of my minisbring horthren in the Somblorn States. Ther have shown that they molerstame it to be their


 a latre pertion of the minioter- of the dimeromt


 arena; who, instead uf labrinter with : th hamhle.




























sponses of approbation from all parts of our nohle ('onfederater. But 1 have most serious apprehemsions that this desire to sate the Union, hy those of whom rou speak, is both ill-timed and misdirected.
"It mast be apparent to every thomghtful, intelligent man that the mion of sovereign States, cmbraring almost ever variety of soil and climate. Whose intorests are as varied as their soil, climate, and diversified pursuits can remder them in a prosty republian government, can only he preserved by a stridt observance of the principles of right amd justice by the citizens of abch State ta those of all the other States and her the faithful compliance, in every part of thr Cnion, with all the articles of agreement entered into in its formation. A Thion of independent sovroign states, in whirh these prinribles are disrexarded, needs no foreign foe to overomeit. It contains the elements of destruction within itself which will as rertainl! work its rain as canse prowhoes its legitimate offect.
"llare these principles hern fathfally observed in all parts of our fonion? If so, what has preduced from one extremity of it to the othor this alamines state of apprehemsion whieh so moud resembles the death throes of a mighty nation:" The dime was when politically we had म口 North, mo sumfla, mo East, no Wost! South
 ©ia. l'monstrania and Virainia, were separated,

 ments epread on parelment, bint hy the warmest tixs of friomblif, into the elosest bomels of a common heotherhoorl. Then the eitizens of each





































## i: 1 Iutobingraphy of John $E$. Massey

fartures of Northrom rapitalists. Ther have semt thoir soms and danghters to Northern

 sitions of homor and protit in herir midst. Amd, matil self-preservation imperled us to a different comese the Northern atizen was mot only reraved in omr homes, at our tiresinfes, omr tables. amd our family altars, but was greeted with a Welromr warm as the smone rlime in which we lice. ame mate to feed that he belomed to the family rimere rathere than that he was a stamerer in a lame of strameres. What mmansomahle demambs have the somthern statos made upon the North: Ther have simply asked that their just and equal rimhts in, athl to, the Territories, Whirle are the eommen proproty of the whole nation, shall be property reenemized; amd to he Irt alome in the persexsion of their property in the manarement of their intermal affairs, and in their slomestir retations and institmions. lave these selfervident rights heron angoed hy the sumth". How has thr North rexipurated sumth-

 the Norda have bern maxing the haspitality
 they haserepably that hompitality and abmed
























 the rights th the 'rorrituries whirh werr joimi



















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diary publications, are now inciting them to incendiary insurrection, and to cerer speries of brutality and wickedness.
"And, as the crowning act of a series of wrongs amost without a parallel, when one of the original thirteen States, that joined in framing a confederacy of sovereign States for the mutual benefit and safety of the whole, has been driven, be unendurable wrongs and injustice, to withdraw from a confederace in which she could no longer remain with safety or honor, you say: 'We are organizing a regiment here to tender to the l'resident at to hemrs notice.' The object of this regiment is, you say, to aid in 'coercing south ('arolina into the C'nion.'
"Are there no graves in Pembsyamia" Are her citizens redured to such poverty that they camot oltain a spot of earth large mongh to give their bones a resting place". Or, are they ambitious to lave them to herad mon southern soil? South ('arolina may be a 'lone star' from our hanner now; hat the tirst attempt to invade her territory with hostile intent will make her the center of a constallation, whose light will not be dimmed till areys sar has faded from our mational thag, leaving muly the strijes as fit mementore of the form and laremated condition of the onere moblest and loweliest piece of political arrhiterime exer drafted hy an mint spired pen.
"I yirid to mo man in devotion to the 「"nion. as long as it ean be presered upen equal. equitable and homorable prinephes. I onee thought
 ardently 1 wherished the hope that the day never would arrive when calm, deliberate men would be













 that this will he Jonle. \|forr. I lathr hat !ither



 will ser, therefore, that the North amt Wi-t atre
 orghly arolsial.

- If, Low














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also? Does any man imagine that such a war, when once commened, will cease till it burns into the very heart of the free States? He who expects this has but half counted the cost ; rely upon it, all the lives and property that will be sacrificed will not belong to the southern side of 'Mason and Dixon's Line.' Suppose the North prove stronger than the South, and succeed in her mad projert. What will she gain bey the honor of staining her hands in the bood of her own relatives, children of the same mothers with themseleses Edho answers what? All they can hope to gain is the honor of inhumanly tmoning adrift a race, incapable of selfgovermment, to werrun the land like the locusts of Erept, and to mingle with their half-starved brethren of the North, to sink into a state of degradation secome only to that of their forefathers in thorir land of darkness and barbarism. Will subh an object as this mere the arms and inspire the hearts of Northerners as the defense of their promerty, their rights, their homes, their firesides. their fimily altars, their wives, their daughters, and their sacred honor will merer the arms and inspire the hoarts of Southerners: Think voll, that with surh prompters as these the sword one drawn will arer return to its seabhard while a foeman can be foumd in the fiedd? But suppose, as I have sadd, you ultimately sureered : what still beromes of the Vnion that 'must and shatl he preserved? Will it still be a republic composed of sowerem States whantarily aswerated twe ther for the benefit of 'ach as well as of the whole? (or, will it be a conselidated military government, the varions parts of which are kept together by the fore of
a stambinir almy？（of Whom will hivarm！li．． compused．＂









 が心．




 mranizel．




 manit！．








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settlement between the Federal Government and the seceded states. Finding their efforts vain, and that they must either join their Sonthern brethren in defense of their rights, or join with Nowthem invaders to destroy them, they passed an ordinance of secession and mited their desting with that of their sister Southern States. Virginia, being the most northern of the sereding States, became largely the battle-gromed of the four vars' conflict, and suffered worse than any of the Confederate States.

I had not then, nor have I had since, the slightest doubt that the principles for which the south contemed were right. Hence, I was a seressionist, and I did all 1 could for the Southern Confederaty. I raised all the grain and prowender I could for the army and loaned as much money as I could to the confenderate Gowrmment, for whirh 1 still have its bonds, and its "Seren-thirty" notes-that is, one hundren dollar notes bearing seven dollars and thirty rents intarest per ammm.

In the smmer of 1sti:3 the First North ('arolina lewiment and the " (ieorgia Tenth Lexion" were encamped on my farm to reernit their horses. I had a stand arected from whith I prearhed to these men a number of times, and I haptised one of the North farotinians. As a bedy they were orderly and gentlemants.

A short time hefore the war anded Gemeral Sheridans armer emamped for a considerable time about two miles from my home, Ash lawn. When they laft the meightomond they took with them all the horses there rombl rapture amd all the nempers they eoukl fersmate to go. Soon
aftrr sheridans: army left. a reriment of fom-
 Wh the dily after the wallation of Ridhment I wern to 'hardothevilte amd heard the mens.


 was of dewidedly a funcral dhamener.



 Ah wher times their coming womblate riven Hu grat phasure. hat thoir comitur then was the hurial of me fomdes hopes and the realiza-


## CHMP'TER IV

## VIRGINIA AFTER THE W゙AR

Dering the civil wat about one-third of the territory of Virginia was arbitrarily taken from her, formed into a new State, and admitted into the Federal Govermment as "West Virginia." At the end of the war the residue of Virgina was made a Military District, known as " Military District No. One " ; and was held as such, and governed by military commanders, appeinted hy the Federal dovernment, for five vears.

A legislature was elected in 1stit, but was treated by the military rommander as merely provisional. Ite allowed it tormain in session tong mongh to inepease the ante-hedman deht of Virginia about sx,000,000 ber rapitalizing the war interest on it. We then proromed it, and did mot allow it to mere again during the five rates of military rule.

Virainia owemind the amomalons position of being mether out of nor in, the Femberal loiom. Whan sturexeded from the 「uion she thought she was out of it, amd mo longer a part of it. Thr Federal fowermment sald. . Not su: you are in, and rammed ont! Whon har arharament of war durded amanst her she arepted the result in grod faith, and propmex to resume lur rishts and duties in the lonion. "Nor
 and ramoot romb in!"
 - onstimtion fur tha part of Virernial that





 - lia:I-1 limblar."



























fiee. It sals: "No person shall be a Semator, or Representative in Congress, or clector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the Cnited States, or under any State, who, previonsty having taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an ofticer of the F'nited states, or as a member of any state lemislature, or as an exerutive, or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the Conited States shall have engaged in insurreetion of rebellion against the same, of given aid or comfort to the ememies thereof." This amendment made those who were most capable of tilling offices ineligible to them.

Prior to the war the politieal parties in Virginia were known as Democrats and Whigs. They differed less in the ends at which they amed than they did as to the means bey which those emds were to be gained. Each party was gnided ly able and patriotie statesmen, who were striting to promote the hest interests of their comery and of their fellow-men. When these parties sall the homor and safoty of Virginia menared he the combination of arpethageres, salalwats, and nugres, they, both Whige and bemorrats, agreed to give up their respertise names, to ignore thair former differemes, and to met on common gromul for the common good. The party thes formed took the matme of the "Conservation party of Virginia."

It the tirst alection mader the new ronstitution, dilhert (. Walker, an adrentmer from Naw Sork, was deded (ewermor, and John fr. Lawis, a Ramblian, Limemant-govemor. The lewishater was mearly agally divided betwem conservatives and the heterogeneons rombination













## CHAPTER $V$

THE ST.ATE HEBT ANH THE FVNDING HHEL
 999.82. The holders of her bonds, knowing that her resourees had been greatly reduced by the War, reararded her bomds an almost worthlese, and sold them at rery low prices. Many of them were sold for cleren dollars on the humdred and some for still less. Remember this.
dovermor Walker and his brother Jonas, of Sow lork. were believed to have invested largely in Virginia bomde at these low figures. Ite. the (iowernor, then prepared a messige for the legislatmer hat was catembated and dombtese intended to anhance greatly the value of Vierinia bonds. This meseag was known to have heen used in Wall sumet, Kew York, wo werks before it was sent th the Virginial lequstature.

All the taxable property of Virginia in 1atid
 deprised her of about ond ethird of her territory. with all its taxahe vallus of all her shaves and of wally all her prownal poperty: and had Ereally rednew the value of hor lands. Yot. inmeng these farts. Gowernor Walker stated in his mesalge of the lexislature that the taxable

 wir:

The ansesment fur taxes which oreured somen after this misheading messare, showed that our





































graphed, to them. IEnce they were to be complete and selfexecuting-meeding nothing more to give them leara foree. The bonds were to be for sloo and its multiple. They were to be lithographed without any official signature. When issued they were to be signed by the state Treasurer, and countersigned by the Second Auditor.

When this scheme was first roted on it was defated her a decided majority. (aovermor Walker was said to have heen quite angry at this result, but smothered his wrath, and gave an entertamment at the Execotive Mansion which was attemded by nearly, if mot quite, all the vealawag, wrpethag, and negro members of the legishature. When the legislature reassembled the wote bey wheh the hill had beren defeated was reconsidered. The hill was then passed by a minn ity of the Comserative members, and every Radical of hoth homses, except Rohimeon (colored) from ('umberland combty, foted for it. The negro mombers were seen with musual sums of moner for sevoral hays after its pasame.

The pascage of this hill was Pandora's box —the llian of all nur woes:

The Treasurer of Yirginia had sinn,000,000 "compon homds" lithographed, with more than $\$ 100,000,000$ of compons attached to them, and a correaponding amount of "reastered bonds." Bxtan ardes were rindered in the Treasurers whter and the work of exthanging the new boms for the old was performed with lonthed speed.

It is dombtal whother any wher lexistative ad wor met more armeral and determined opposition from the peophe of Virginial than this did as som ats its eharacter became known. Tha

Thr state lobt amd the rimmelin! lill ti






 staples delirred a disembiner "piniom, which.






 ('ullol:



















 amal Aemoralizallion of labor malle it almose





 that, mable to pilall their temts. they stot sommelly with mol! a stame for a piltow, amd dtr (:anofy of heaven for al rovering: hat these dehts

 gratl loxses on ome hamb, amel far (onmsamt in-
 tho drotor in a pesition of peraliar rmbarrass mobll: amd ratitled him mot whly formpathy. holt to all homorahlo moasimes of reliat. limt, as if determined to add the last feather nemped 10 hroak thr (:amolls hatrk, the rato of interest







 mow is in orlar to bly the inters on this debt.













































## co Autobiography of John E. Mussey

(iple that they will diselarge their duties with energy and with fidelity.
"In common with ron, fellow-eitizens. I feel the erushing weight of the burdens impersed upon us, and I have been andionsly looking arommd for such men as could most likely hessen these burdens; but should meser have thought of proposing myself as one of them if I had mot been arged to do so by many of the best citizens of the comuty, who, I amsure, could not have been inthenced by mere persomal considerations. Even after I consented to take the subjeet under comsideration I foumd it exeeedingly diflicult to wet my consent to have my mame used in such a commection.
"Those of you who know me will not doubt my sincerity when I aswere you that if I were to consult my own comfort, or personal interest atone, I would not comsent to rome before som as al amblate for the legishature, or for any office whaterer. Neither do I experet to gain lonor or popmarity by it. I have no political aspimations. When, twentersern vears ago, I entered the ministry I expered to spend my life in it, and to dewore whale anerey to it ; hat the complete fatiome of mey health some reare past made it merosalty for mate to give up my chater and to disemtime pastoral babor. Simer then I hate dewoted meself to farming in order to support my family and to educate mer ditdrens and athomeh mus health has so far improwed as to phable me to perform partial min-
 rontering the full ministre I am, and wer hame
 ing active participants in political alfaim; but
the farts I hatwe stathed satisfy me hath mu pers. cht pasition is mot incompathale with m! duty. hat is in profer acenel with it. Very mathy of


 is made moresary th hiner ther fornard that hand mover before horla witere.
 "hatt l beliow for be the wioh of at later mat
 Hatar my name hefore rom.
 kimhow mom highly than I do: hut. frllow-



 wher amblidates who will mpromt ban in-







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\begin{aligned}
& \text { "Virr rupurdfully. } \\
& \text { " Vourr frllow-riti\%erl. }
\end{aligned}
$$






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thereafter, to the regret of fow, and to the joy of many.
 W'allier, and most ally and faithfully tilled the gubermatorial offore. Ite was a thoromghly homest man, a hightomed gentleman, well ghalitiod for the high oflier he held, and conscientions in diseharging its duties.

After careful insestigation of Virginiås fimanrial remblition-her resomeres and liabilitios-her madre a statement to the legishature of the taxation in Virgina, under State laws, for the vears
 been rereived. This statement I shall wive later muder" " Dehts and Taxes."

The farts diselowed in it indimated the neress sity of able finamerime careful hashanding of Virginiå"s resomeres, and rimid eoonomy in all delartments of her administration.

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ing than this state of affairs presented. In addition th this menate, the plates with which these bonds and coupons had been engraved were still in the possession of the engravers, who conde increase their mumber indetinitel?:

I prepared a hill entithed, "An Act to Protect the state from counterfeit and surreptionsly obtained roupons." This bill was called " l'arson Massey"s Coupon bill," amd it was as follows:
"Ser. 1st. Be it emacted by the Gemeral Assembly of Virginia that it shall be the duts of the Secereary of the commonwalth, whemerer compon honds that have heen iswed he the state of Virginia are presented to him for the pmense. to write upen all matmed compons attathed thereto, hat mene nome whers, the word (ienmine: ame to athix his mame and the date of the sail romarsement themen.
"S.e. all. That all holders of coupen bomts that may have hern issumed hy the state of Virginia maty at their pheasum. have the matmred coupons attached thereto emdorsed as provided in sertion tirst of this art.
"s.e. : Bl . That mo paper purporting to be a (wupen that has mot on it the cmoresment provided for in this art shall be reerived in parment of any taxes, dehts, dues, or demamde due the Commonweald
"s.e. the This art whatl be in form from its pasiano."

This hill did not denge the reeremability of (ouncms, hat provided a way, and the only way, low which their grmunences could be extablished.





 committer reported the hill hatrk lo the lamer.









 of self powtotion: llalt lowlis. bults. alml bats


 the family lo lat mis in: lollt that tla 11 iste mall















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deframb ereditors. These eharges were iterated and reiterated motil those that did not know " Parson Massere" of the chanacter and design of his " Compon bill," might have heen exeusahte if the believed him to be but little better than an imeamate demon. ('ol. Thomas s. Bocock wher prointed me out to an elderly lady in a ratroad car as "Parson Massey." She chasped her purse and said. "Then I must keep my hand on my purse!"

Few measures were ever opposed more vigoromsly than this was. After it had bern disrossed sempal days it was ordered to its engrosement and third reading her a safe majority. A motion was then made to redonsider this sote. This motion was defeated. Its opponents, finding that I had a majority in two test rotes, redoubled tharireftorts. When the rote was taken on its passage it was defeated by a small mat jority-two wr three.

1ts oppesirs were wild with delight, amd it was amomment that "Parson Massey" was to be buriod. Iton. A. H. II. Stuat, of Stamom, was to deliver the funeral oration. Major J. IIorace Lalc!, of spottshania, my nation comat.,

"1 muleretaml." said he." that the onditheman from Albumarle (Ilr. Masesey is to be harimat. and that the silverongued arator from Angusta is to deliser his fundral wation. I elam the text from which low is to deliver it. I want his text th be: Ther rexmontion of the just. Yom
 ho. will risu agall, aml Virginia will rise with him:

The joy of the "ppomente of mey hill was
































 1 lar billol aml.

he is the liteliest looling forpere we erer saw?' les. Colonel Massey still lives. The Readjusteres are not dead, and the hotiest campaign within the knowledge of the oldest inhablatat mas he looked for in the elertion of next fall."

The reader will please bear in mind that the objert of "Parson Massers Coupon Bill" was to protect the State from "counterfeit and surreptitionsly obtained compons " ; and that both Auditors and the Treasurer opposed it as a refle etion apon them and the ir ontiees, arerring that the things I sought to guard against "could merer oreme." In less than two months after the defeat of this hill one of the elertse in one of the hasement offiees was in the penitentiary. No man knows, or cere will know, how many bonds and rompons were thas stolen and used.

The Fumder press and speakers had well-nigh exhansted theib vocabulary of bitter epithets on me and mer plan for verifying compons, hat thes som fombl it a more practioal and serious guestion than they had supposed. Yet they still held to the farce of verifying them by "exprot testimony."

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 palpors.






 "ilholl :






 f1. - :ill| Wll ull sille of it.





amd dealt with as pratiat hosimess men ronsider aml dal with their privill and imdividual introses.

> -Ther In, bt of lierfinien of lsibl
 It is elatmed that the parment of this delot, with its aremmolated intorest, devolves mpon the present State of Viruinia.

## "Is This ramim Valid?

 Ferleral Gowormment moither tratad nor rex
 4 of tho romstitution of the 「onted states sals: - No new Stato shall br formed or erectod within the juriselietion of alls other siatr. Vet. on the
 provided for the admission of West Viruinia
 from, and indepemdent of, the jurisiliction of Virainia. This wonla have been al phable violation of tharereion | havequmed if the Ferleral

 forers matar (ientral lare smrembered to the

 the oll statre aftrr the farmation of Wist Vir-





 military appointores, aml holal thoir alpmintmemts





































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organic lan as Virginia of 1861. Vomder these firemmstane I eamot believe she wats under amy legal or moral ohligation to pay the debt of the old State, or ought erer to have assumed it.
" The Federal (iovernment, having destroved the odd State, divided her teritory, and compolled her former atizens to give up more thatn ond half of their froperty, without any rompensation therefore and to repudiate every obligation she asmmed after April 17, wist, ought to hate assmmed amb paid her debt. This opinion is sustained he the highest judicial athority. Governor Komprer sath, in a meswage aldresed to the
 of well sothen principles of pmblic law, it is demonstrable trab that the lonited States, by introwsing betwern as and our rerditors, amb dividing and destroving the original antity of the Fommonwealla, beralme liahle for at least so murly of her debt as is har to non-resident (ruliturs.
"This ratim is mot hased upen the simple
 Gewemment, or that her teritory was divided, or that her organic law has been rhanged.
" It is hased mone the facts that the Federal
 berige of the state: so that them was mo state asames which the aredtoms rand procerd. or from which they romld whlat thair deht.--that


 "ithont which it romh mot be paid. In wher



 10 its rraliturs.

































## Git Autobiography of John E. Massey

Madisom, whirh may be foumd on the erth to the
 Thomase Joftereon, he sals:
.. - The question whether one gencration of man has a right to himd another seems mewer to hawe heert started aither on this side or our side of the water, yet it is a guestion of surh ronsefurnere as mot only to merit derisiom, but plares. allos, amone the fumbamental principles of erere govermment. Ther comere of rederetion in which wreare immersed here (Paris) on the elememtary primeples of soristy, has presented this question to mer mind : and that no such obligation ean be tramsmited t think very (apable of proof.
". . . . I suppese that the recerimed opinion. that the publie deble of one gemeration dewore on the mext, has berm sumerest bey our sering habimally in mivate life, that he who sumeeds to lames is refpired to par the debts of his perneresur without eonsidming that this requisition is municipal onle, not moral, fowing from the will of the societre whirh has found it romveniont to appropriate the lamde of a desermdant oll comblition of a payment of his dobt: but that

 mompire hat the latw of mature.
". Ther eath holongs always to the living ene は:110n.
.. The romednsim, them, is, that mether the represmatives of a mation, nor the whole mation
 fond what ther may pay in theif awn time.
 as the dram of at thenris. hom examimation will prose it to bre sold and salutary.



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 1m小小川：









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Virginia on Fobrary 9. 1sia, and for which he was wamber comatulated by its frimols:
-. It does seem to me harsh and mareasomable in these who demounce the Fombing bill atod raim superior wistom and experience in publir mattors, amd who are in fact most responsible for this debt, ato ask or expeet the abamdomment of a contrate that has virtually lifted \$15.000,090 of doht from the shombders of the tax-paying people of this state. I insite the amti-funders to deny this statement.'
"The Richmond k'mpuirr, one of the most



-     - By this hill eath emeditor is rempired to smrander his bomde or artitiates of deht to ber rancolled, and in place therenf is to feremer a
 of his debt. For the other thime the State is
 froll Wiex Vinginia.
… . . Tha comsidration on thr part of

 to pay him two-lhirels of his wiginal delot. with six fer rent. interest that hering the orig-








 whain from Wixi Virwinial an arthoment, and








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of these men that their father wombld be redered by dischatging one man amd abamboning ome row? I feal that in the ease we are mow romsidering we shat find that while onde-third of the babores have bee disedarged the amomet of latore has heen ine eremethat white the whote deht is saddled mpon wordhirds of the state, the debt has been incerased full! tifty per cont.
"The derision of the Comrt of $\Lambda_{\text {Plpeals, in }}$ the cane of Higeinhotham against the "ommonWatth, settles the primelpe that if Virquina, as she mow exists, is bomblor any part of the deht of Virginial as she existem in 1efil, she is loomd for the whole of it.
" liat, as before staled, the adrowates of the Fouding bill claim that the passatere of that bill hy the legistature of Virginia and the atereptamere of its terms he bomblodders redmed the deht of Xirginia heremenge her from ome-thim of her indebtedness. Two things are meressary (1) the estahlishment of this clatim. It must firs be shown that Vireqimia of sita was bound for the whole debt of Xirginial of kiti.
"she surely could now be reaned from anything for which sta was mot lommel. It mast be shown, secombly, that the Fumding liall released the state of Viterinia from ond thited of the deht that ther combend sher was bomel for before its paseater C'an rither of thes fropocitions be sustalitid!
- I think it has hem shown thar Viramia ran-

 the : asmmption that his deht followed the sal


all whigations for ond-thind of lla doll of llar
 from W゙心 \irginia:











. loid Th,! ll, Thix.'




















- This me:men mothing mere than that the home
 tom matil Virginia has reasmahbe time to ase er tain how much (if anys of the Anth West Virginia will agree to pay. It does mot release Virginia from the palment of one dollar, but leaves her bomd for ares dollar of it, both prineipal and intarest.
"Whatever pertion of the deht of the old state West Vireinia pars will be appled to the payment of this third. Whaterer she fails to pay will. acomeding to the provisinne of the Fmatine liall, be demanded of Virginial. In this
 with intorest thereon at the rate preseribel in the bemd smmendered. will be provided for in aromedam with smell sembement as shall hareafter be hat bedwern the states of Virusian and Wex Virginial in regard th the pmblir dent of Virginia existing at the time of the dimembermem. If Wres Virginial pars the whole amomit of this whe-thim. Viruinia will bereliemed of it all. If Wiot Virginial pas lom mo-half of it. Viruinia will be eallod wh for thr othor half. If West Virginial pats nome of it. Virginia will lo
*Tlarmaliner Bill dows mot provar for the patment of en murh of this thirel as Wise Vir-



 r-puland

 pronf.


























 -1:10"








i2 Autobiography of John E. Massey
lability for the whole debt. Whaterer sum may be arembally realized from this datim, manst be paid intu the treasury of our state amb applied ter the liguidation of the deht of Virginia the same as other funds apprepriated for that purpose. But thas far there have been mo satisfartory indications that the state of West Virginia intended to adeknowledge herself liable to us for any pertion of the publice debt.
"The Richmond E'mquirer of Fohmary T, 1si2, contains this editorial mote: - Read the letter from sligo from onr intrigent rome spoudent V. That's the way it strikes an matsider. Oh, that the legislature womblamse:"
-What does this bintroligent correspondent from Sligu say"
"Itr salys: "The opponents of the Fomding Bill saty that it contains not onl! the enerm of repudiation, but the full-grown plant itself. None on this side of the Ahantice thes areot it. The State of Virginial agreed by that bill to pay intarest on twothirds of its deht. hat it did mot repurtate the remataing thiod. It is-
 bearing interes at six per cent.. and to be paid in aroordaner with surh settlement as whall hereafter be had betwern the stane of Virginia and Wiest Virginia, and the siate holds surh tomde so far as minfuded, for the holder or his
 Whatever Wiest Virginia pars the holder will
 Virginia owe mothing, the state of Virginial will
 that West Viruinial is liable for somb purtion of the ohd debt. Whaterer it shall paly, the







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rphed new ones for twothirds of their amount therdy relinguished all chatm against Virginial for the remainine third. Who can dombt that this promsition would have been agreed to bey the framers of the Fomdiner bill if it had heren the ir purpose to retase Virginia from one-third of the then existing delt. This amemement was rejecter, alme its rejection shows that it was mot the purpore of these that rejeeted it wer fuise the bondhother werlimuish ally rlam
 a singld donlar.
- Mr. Danimen moed to add to the third section the following: • And it is provided that the fumbing of twothids of the bondes, sorks, amd






 Virginia. in mand th the pmble deht uf the statr of Viareinia existing at the time of its


 1"1 exempl her from its payment matil sher hand












 jowtol.











 sible in all! matlllle me form. Wr alt ally limr.


 11. ) Viominia.





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adjusiment was dermed a pratical settement of the question so far as Virginia is conernerl, and mothely believes for a moment that the ereditors will are attempt to hodd Virginia repomsible for it, further than Wist Virginia may agrer to paly. Nobody remards it as a part of ome deht, or experts it to wive ally further tromble:
 The facts alreally stated sulficiently show the fallace amd absumbty of such dedanations: yot 1 will give one incident more, which comelusively refintes thrm.
" Hom. J. II. Jomer, one of the members of the hast Home of behegates, from the rity of Richmom, is a Virginia bembonder, and was sectedare of the meetime of the ligginia hombhombers which was held in the semate chamber oll the loth of Nowember. Nat. It is fair, therefore, to presume that lar is well informed as to the experations and purposes of Virginia bomblahmes. Dmeing the last session of the lex. islathre hre offored al hall, whel was refored to the Finather Commitere and reporm fararably
 sioners of the simking fome - th sell the states

 parment for it the primipal of the mafmoded bmme of the stato isemed prion to kit.
$\because$ No provison was malle fon lavins ombe third of the wh lmma for Wixt Vireinia. That



 hon of the aforementiond matumded boms: that








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" IIow was the F"unding lill passed? And how was it received be the peoplerg I will answer this by an rextart from (borarnor Kemperes arl
 nor Kemper salid: "There are those whot have always demied the obligation of the Founding Act. Ther allege that that $\operatorname{Act}$ was not only a surprise to the people and passed in contraverntion of thoir will, not only that it tied up the hands of thr State withont the fair consent of the State, hat that the riremmstaners attembling its passage worer suld as ought to awoid it. 'They allege, mot only that many holders of Vireninia bonds, inflating mumbers of our own ditizens, have been romperled to part with them at at ruinoms deprex-iation, mot muly that tha bonds thas sold are dombtese held bex spernlators, who obtained them at half or leses than half their valure, but they alleser that the homels were thus housht up hy stork hookris, having pecoliar farilities to gulde them, as a spernlation of which the Fumding Bill was the rownoning act. Thes allege that rorroph means were direotal hy erory approtehable abente to offert the passage of the bill, and dill effert its passime ; that al short time hofore its passage amb oll rotestesting its merits in the llonse of loblesates. 1hre political part! of 1he minority roted, with ollo rexeption, atrimst

 the sime partr, with [erthats one exerption, foted for it, alld hy their roncs dferoded its passate.
- What, thom, is the presplat almomit of thr puhlir and:


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 l心 llal ammollo．
－• X














bears interest. So that while the prine ipal of the 'outstanding debt’ is a little orer Sttit00,000, the :mment which is bermen interest is s.e. 414 , 20.
 timato of the Amditor of Probir Aromments the sum of st, ©s ammal current expenses of the State. This added to the amoment meeded to pay full interest on the publir deht and the sinking fund, makes $8 t .4: 34$,sa!日,99, that most be raised ammally for state purposes alome. The whole amomit of State taxes mow rolleoted is E2.t21,9454. So that. combing for the cent of collecting, we mast domble the present rates of tasation, or the debt will contime to increase lay the acrommation of interest.
"What are Virginia's resoures for mecting this ohligation?
"In 1stil, when the deht was $831,1,5,909.32$, the taxable property of Virginia was assexsed at
 mater twere vars obd. The Constitution exromped all slates moder that age from taxation, and fixed the taxable value of all over that age at shan each. This was not more than one-half of their aremer rash value. As arory kind of proproty is now taxed, wo ammot monderstand the
 What they are now, whese we take into consideration shase as well ase wher propery
"Ther allacial reword shows that the value of the same in Virginia mond tworerane old was
 was. domblase, graber than the valow of these muler it. liat retimating it to be just the same.












 I Nill.







 lallale of atele.














## ミ・ 1 utrhionfaphy of ．Johth $E$ ．Massey




 of the leht as beins，in romme mmblers，about 8：0．000．000．Evary intrlligent rader will read－ il．materetame this．We now epeak of the delot as it is：mot as it is reported mpon an mowar r：antabla assumption．
－Ollatial formments of thr Ferleral fovern－ mont show dat propery in Virexinia is assesme about tifly pro remt．hioher，in popmotion 10 its Valme，than it is in Now Vork，Jommslvania，amd
 ratht．hiohro that it is in all the oflar stalls of ther 「nion．
 W！y is mot the moly lase we hate smetained．
 W゙as．＇Thollsamls of aldes of lamd whirh hatro




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$\therefore \because .121 .111 .11$

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\because-2.101.51
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$17 \because \because!1-10!1$

 $\therefore .11912(20.511$

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$7 . \therefore 1-115.514$

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\therefore .176 .101 .95
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 thr proceling ranr.
" Led it he borne in mind that only mor-hiar of lho lamds of Virerimia are pronlortive, amd
 taxes also of thr other for-thirds, whirla arr








 the homdlondras mertins larld in thr rity of liadhmond ont the lotlo of Nonember, lsit. It is as follows:










 fallos whase athanal prombelion fall- shor of


alan bring suld for lases alld all throngh mo



 athon wh lamds al this timt Womlal bre virmal (-mbtis:ation bl lathls.





























tion of mpaid interest on only twothirds of the deht. Virginia is bomed, by the Funding liall. for the remaining thirl, or someh thereof as West Virginia fails to pay. West Virginia rafases to pay any part of it. Henere, ac(onding to the theory of the hast dollar men,' Yirginia must bay the whole. The ammal in-

 sals is the 'aremge ammal deficioner' upon the interest men the other two-hiods, and we hate an aremge anmeal inerease of the deht of se,000, stie. 00\%. That in to sary the heary tases which the people of Virginia are now paving are nol sulticient to pars the ammal interest on
 fore, with the slight exeenton wiven below, beroming that math hareru erery yar. It has been indeasing at this rata for mome than fome vars, exept the smatl diminution which has bern mathe he the purdhase of home bey the emmmiseionere of the sinking fund. The whole amomo of these phrehase for fome rears, as reported to the last sexsion of the (immal Assomb





 ammal ratre of marly fwo millions of dollars. How long will it remine al this ratr to pay the
 anme of this stall of thinge mast result in dis-
 t. 10 "




































ss Autobiography of John E. Massey
Vibws as to what we onght to pay amd what we arr able to pay. Make an equitable settlement with thrm, amd faithfally eomply with its terms. liat, it is asked: • Has there mot been at timal settlement:" 'There has been a partial settlemont. but mot a final one. No settement ean be timal which satisfies mohorly. 'There is no respertable number of any partr, or of all parties combined, who are satisfied with the present statis of the delot. 'This is shown by the overfores that have been made. the meetings that hate beren held, and the eremeral anxiety for information wen the smberet-an anxietr which will contimm to manifest itself motil it is gratifier.
" Is Virginia morally bomma for the whold debt of the old State? or for twothirts of it,
 tion that the drbt followed the soil? Before allswering this question we most ingnire into the
 whon is responsible for it.
 losses. 'They rexmbed either dirextly or indireotly from the war.

- Whan are responsible for the ralese which produrad these results"
- \| da mot mean for those remoter camese -
 whirll lerl to it. lint which of thr fworlasios
 the art of seression whirh marle Viremial a batllofind!" I think I maly safoly answer. both aro

 shatre equally the honore of havine arloneated it.





































90 Antobingraph!y of Johnt $E$. Massey
of it. Hemer, what mat be said with reatard to the proble drht, has moither referemen mor appli(ation to privato dabts.
"As riti\%ens of the Ntate, we are joint partners, amd rach, in propertion to what he has, mast contribute to its suport, meet its obligat tioms. amd shate its losses. It womld but be egtitable for some of the partuers to be beres
 This will be the imevitahle result if the - last-





 Theser rexhle are comsegurnere of their joint ate

 rerlacerl to mor-half of what it was bufore the
 lom, lomi. hy lar whation in the price of lands, thrig pormonsing powrer is domberl. They will now hos all thr lamd owned by l:, (… 1 , amd E, fomeh thes womlal only have bomeht half of it bufore lha walr. Thas, hy lar joint and of all
 sible with tha oflars-folle hale herll fotally

 hatre dotre before thr war. Is this jors: Is it



 fortulle. I do mot wish them to fillo worse
 d-sirn la farr larlar.







 "ithrr (H1 |lar whar.

























"Serombly. It would require the sealing of state bombs in just the same proportion that other property has been reduced. Bomdholders and taxparors womld then fare alike. Eath womlal lose in preedsely the same proportion. This maly be cariled at, hat rannot be rome lemenal. It rests mpon the immutable principles of justiore lt ne ither asks, nor roncerles, more than is right. A settlement hased upon these prineiples wombd retlect homor upen both deb)tor and (reditors.
"What I have sait] thus far upon this point has sperial referemer to Vircinial bondhohlores.
" Nearly ontr-half the poblie debt is owned in those states which eomposed the • Ferleral [ $n$ ion d during the war. What would be an equitable settroment betweren these bonelholders and Virginia taxpayers:。
" If a raeditor shomld wantonly or wronefally destroy property belonging lo his debtor, I suppese mo obre womld denty that the dehtor oneht to receitre ererlit on his bend to the amoment of damage her hat wronefolly sustamed at the hamds of his ereditor. What will be the efteret of the appliation of this perfeetly just prine riple to the present acase. A simple statoment of farts will sumerst the amswer. Our Northern raditurs wror hot rontrat with hating destroxel lha old stato and divided hor teritore
 larerel morr than ome-half of omr antiow prop-
 Mrir for it.
" Sre we mot, threrfore, justly entitlad ito





































thement ran be made. Ans material departure from them mas do injustier to one or the other parte. If we ask more than is right, we do ingustiere to others. If we concede more than is right, we do ingustice to ourselves. We should take mo position that camot be vimblated upon perfectly equitable primeiples.
-There is ret another elass of bondholders. A little more than one-fourth of the deht of Virgimia of 1861 is owned in Emope. The holders of this part of the debt are not responsible for our losses. They are meither responsible for the war and its legitimate eonsedueneres on the one hamb, nor for the wanton destruction of our property after the war on the other. I an mot apprised, therefore, of aly equitable gromad upon which we an claim a settroment of that part of the dobt which was owned in Europe. at the chase of the war. at less tham its face value. Arening, therefore upon the assumpthon that the deht of 1 aft followed the soil of the ohl state, and is a valid obligation upon its present ocrupants, it dawhes mon us to pay twothirds of the dobt dur to Enropean bombloblars. Whe motht mot, howerer. to be mader the meresity of arem comsidming this

 of the detht as is due to mom-westent areditars.
"I hatr addeamod to comsidn this sulyered
 - jples. and thasertain what aljustments of it

 viow of all the farts whirh ought to low taken into consideration, are:




 "ar.



















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hobler mor tha taxparer womld ler placed in
 the other that ha beropiod when the delly was reatorl.
 Ereater mor less popertion of his homd than the taxplore retained of his property.
"Sombe arr so Wark-minded, or so hlindal by
 repurlations. It is a somere of remet that there arrally who rither rambot or will hot disilngrish between all equitable sellament of a keht atml its repmoliation! I atm somy for surla.
 mon homesty. In rither rase ther alr to he pitiod.
" Repurliation is wholly out of the gomesion. It shomble mot be thomeht of exorpt as the dermier reswot. It is the imperation late of hoth
 the mtmosi of theil abilit! lion imbividals aml Ntates maly ingnire into the jastiar of
 fley ran mot be remsimed for refosines lo pa!






























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 - Junl l: ! I Wh.








9s Autobiography of John E . Massey When I saw the condition of public atfaits, I felt that I ought to try to remedy them so far as one man could, and I wished to be re-edeeded for that purpose. In the autumn of 1575 I was again elected to the House of Delegates.

## r'II.\I'TVに VIII






















 alld abiliny foray it.






that have taken phace simer that deht was contralered reroive omly such motire as is calenlater to divert attention from the real facts of the rase. I refore to these ehanges-the total ammihalation of the party that contradeded the deht, the destrouetion of the assets and resourees of the ohd State, and the eredion upon the ruins of the old State of two new, separate, and totally ditl"rent states.
" It is not denied that Virginia of 1 stion owed the sum of \$31, sis, a!9!.3:3, nor that she was both momally ame legally bound to pay it. Tho questions we have to deride are, not how the debt of ohd Virginia was contrateterl, hot, first, to what extent, if any, are we umder ohligation to pay it: amd, seromdly, are we able 10 paty it.
" Mr. Stmart aftirms that rach of thre new
 for the whole deht of the old State, but that the Funding Will divided their responsibility and drefintoly setted the pertion of it which shombly he paid by Viresinia ame West Virerinia, respeetively. I! sats: "The joint obligation of the two \&atas arose ollt of the old bomds issued ber fore the war: and when the hohlers of these homls rohmataly surremblered them, and took

 inal debt, amd grior alorificate, whirh was a
 ginia, the old homals wrer ammallerl. and theres aftor hatl ma ralidity. Tho rase maly be illus-

 amel l: whethird. 'Thar tirm owes a deht of threr thomsand dollars to ( whirh is midemoed by a





 S. hoinco allain lo






























102 . 1utobiography of Johm Li. Massey
" To rhange Mr. Stuattis 'familiar example, so as morr propery do illustrate the case fet us suppose that the rerditor, f, formibly enters mon the possessions of his debtors, $A$ and $B$, amd illewally and inequitably hreaks mp the tiom, takes one-dhime of its assets oft, and sets le uf in hasimess to himself, then demolishes every restige of the old tirm, and rohs $I$ amd his ehildren of their individnal property. Wonlal eren Mr. Atmart eontemd that $A$ aml his ehildren and glandrhildren were morally hound to apply their hatd rarmings, the products of theis labor, for the payment of ("s bond". If he would, I, with nine-temths of the peophe of Virginia, womld not. I submit to rom, fellow-ritizems, if this doms not morr fairly illastrate the rase bofore us than
 of the troritory and assets of the old stato wrore takan from her without her abosint, amb, in violation ol all rixht, constituted into a mew statr. Ther entity or existence of the old Statr was lotally desirover, amd a military woromment rstahlished upon her roins. This was not all. Nore fhan onde-half of the arailable private
 strovery. Vot, those that despoilod the fatheres domamel full payment of thair bonds her the toils amd lalmos of the rlildren; and somar of our own ritizens sorm to rexard it hamiliating and legraling eron for queston the aphity of these de-




 itors, and, with bowed hads and bated breath,

 -homl|l




 rorrat:











 when!.














bound for the whole of it -- ithe old debt, before the passing of the Fomding lill. He then :1ssumes that the bendhoder that areepted the terms of that bill released Virginia therede from all liability for the menford third of his ohd bonds, and received a redtificate which was a mere evidenere of the amount due from West Vir. ginia, the ohd bonds were ammblad, amd thereafter had no validity.: He asks: • Would any semsible man suppose that the original note, which had been surendered amd eaneelded, was still in forer, and that an artion ronld los brought on it?
"I should like to ask Mr. Sthart, who I know is a semsible man, are those old bonds really (ancelled as to their mombled third" If so. Why is it 'that the state of Virginial holde satal bonds, so far ats minfuded, in trust for the holder or his assignees, of the eretitioate that eretifies the amomet still due mpen them" 「pen what would he bring an action or esuit against West Virginia in thr supreme Court of the Vonited States bas he sats maty be done to reeower her fair propertion of the deht, if not ubon these old bonds:" And if Virginia maty sum Wes Virgimia upon those old homds, may mot athy wher state. to whirh their owmer mas assigu them, sum l"irginit mpon them:' These bondholderes haterertitimates that the state of Virginia honds sald bomds, so far as monfonde in trusi for the holder or his assigmess of sald remtitiailes.
"I deny that the Fomding bill mansed Virginial from liahility for the mufumbed thiral of the ohd bomds, or that those who pased it intraded to release her.


 1hims.



















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pay will，acoording to the provisions of the Fouding liall，he demanded of Virginia．In this way，and this way only．• pament of said amoment with interest therenn at the rate peseribed in the home smerendered，will he provided for in ace rordane with surf seftement as shall hereafter low had between the states of Virginia and Weat Virginia in regard to the pmblie deht of Vir－ ginial existing at the time of the dismemberment．＂ If West Virginia pays the whole amount of this ont－third．Virginia will be relieved of it all．If West Virginia pars hat one－half of it，Viruina will brealled on for the other half．If West Virginia pars mone of it，Virginia will be called日品品 for the whold amomet．
＊The Fumding Bill dome not provide for the payment of sommoth of this thind as West Vir－ ginial agres to para hot for the payment of the whole of it in adeodane with sum settroment as the two states maty make－s．thling the per－ tion of the deht proner to be borne hy aidn state repertiver
＂That than who pased the Fomding IBill did mot intemd tor reas Viruinia from her liability for the mufumed thire of the ald boms is
小1 sus．
＂When the bill was moler amsideration a





 （iva in the following words：Plut the stato of Vibuinia is mol，and will nom ber lomm，in any





 ahlr lameraler. If it hatl lown allophod it wolld





























thorized amd granted only upon the rondition that the owners of such bomels, stocks, and ere titioates do redease and diselarere the State of Virwinia from all liability (if any exists) to pay the rematingo ome-third thereof, matil therer shall have beron a timal settement befween the states of Virerinial and West Virginia, in resard to the public debt of the State of Visurinia rexistore at the time of its dismemberment.' 'This ameme ment did not, like the former, propose to release the State of Virwiniat from the mafonded thirel forerer, but only to exempt her from its par ment antil she ham a final settlement with West Viruinia. limt eren this propnsition was rejerfed.
" Ilare wrore positive and repeated refasals to angralt on the Fomding lill ame forosion that Wonld discharge thr State of Virurinia from liability for the mafomed thirel. Ilow ant ons, with all the fatets before him, ran beliere the Fomeners l:ill redneod the puhlie deht, ar that her its ate
 for any part of his homd, is wholly ineompros hemsihle. Ifere were there rlear amd detimite popositions marle with a viell of sottling this rery question:
" Fiast. That Virexinia shomld not be responsible in amy manmer ar form, or at amy time, for

 rieht of the holder forerover it from Wirst Virginia.

 asainst louminia.
"Thirl. That Virsinia shomh be releasad





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 alsuratrs of the loumbiner lill attirll that Vir-



 bility for ame-thime of the old humls.



 her liability for ally fart af their bumts ant













## 110 Autobiography of John E. Massey

ter? Does he intend to pay those old bonds, for the whole amome of which he says Virginia is boumd. If so, why does he strike off one-third of their amount when lie states the amoment of the State deht? Has he determined mot to pay this one-third of those bomds? If so, he must pardon me for sating to him in his own language: 'I must be pardoned for saying that, in my judgment, there is a wery narrow line of distinction between repudiation of a debt, and a determination not to pay it! It sounds to me very much like my friend Major Sutherlin's distinction between a horse rate and a trial of speed between two hbooded horses:’
"I am not advocating the payment of this rejeeted third of these ohd bonds. or of the unfumbed third of those that have been suremdered. I do not beliere we are moder any obligation whatever to pay either. I am discussing the subjee mon Mr. Stuarts thenre Aecording to his theory, refosal to pay any part of these bonds is rirtual repmdiation.
"I cham that Virginia mas, withont in the slightest degree tarnishing hor hright escutcheom, derclare that she is meither lexallys. atoitahly. ner morally bomed for this one-thire of the deht of ohl Virginia, and that, therefore. she will not pay it.

- I helime we may, with apual propriaty, fonshder all the eiremmstanmes through which wr hate pexsed. and moder which we are ralled on to par the wher lwothirds of this doht: and then lomextly deride for ourselves aconding to
 if ally. of this debt we are aguitahty bomed to paty and then manfully stand ly what we be-
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## 11シ. 1 utoliography of John l'. Massey

Jollars as Virginia's portion, She is also bomet, as emaramer of boms of the 'hesapmake amd Whin Camal (ompany, for s:30,000, whh interest
 represent a slight deerease of the primeipal of the deht. her the "perations of the sinking fund, the debt is, in reality, lared.y incrasing hes the accommation of imerest. Nior is this all.
"To pay interest on this delet and meet the
 been berrowed from the Miller fimm, selmo.000
 sehool funds hate been med. All these smans, with their ateruing intorest, exerg slow,000 paid to banks, are yet mpad.
"Whert at this rate will the deht be paid?
" La a pamphlat publishod two ratre agn, I matrertook to show that the coment expernses of the gevermmen rould mot be met, amd foll inter© a paid ort the twothirde of the deht, that was clamed to be Virginials pertion, withomt largely incerasing taxes that the peoghe were in no condition to bear ewh all inderase aml, conse
 ment of the deht. Xa pesition was stomtly compowerted. and the perple were asemed that, withont ane incerase of taxes. he inmerning resomiters of the state wombleme ratable her to



 vintiantal.
" Hane Virwinia" resomeres incrased in thre same ranion that hor Adかt has:







"Whal is lo b. 小川ll:





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## 114 Autobiography of John E. Massey

materially inerase the revemue, the next step will be a corresponding reduction of taxable property. Many who supported the measure did so in the interest of the taxpayer and not of the bondholder.
"The expenses of the govermment doubthess will, and ought to be, lessened under the operations of the late amendments to the Constitution. But the people of Virginia are entithed to, and ought to demand, a corresponding reduction of their tases.
"They are now paying annually in the shape of State, romnty, district, and Foderal taxes, nearly dighteen and a half million dollars. This is nearly six per cent. of the assessed value of the taxable property of the state. No people can bear such a drain long without being reduced to poverty.
"Fellow-citizens, there is virtue and heroism in patiently bearing evils that we camot help, lont it is mmanly to sulmit to injustice when the remedy for it is in our own hamds. Yon are not only suffering injustire romeselves, but your inartivity may transmit it to your children and grandehildren. The remedy is in rome hands. Remember, peate has her viduries no less than war. Yon maly, if yon will, athiere: victory at the apmoarhing state ele tion, whim yon and rour children may look back w with pride and pleasure. Will rom do it? Let each man detromine to do his part, and victore is cortalll.

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { "Vore resperdfully. } \\
& \text { - Volly frllow-ritizern. } \\
& \text { "Ash Lawn, Via., *.JいnN E. MAsiser. }
\end{aligned}
$$




 intrease of taxation har dial ant think the tax

 reply (1) it as follows:
















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but a grief to the people of Virginia, and by almost mprecedented majorities they sent men to the mext legislature instructed to repeal it.
" You say: "The (ibneral Assembly has seen preper to act, and has substantally declared, by a solemmly enacted law, that one-third of the bonded delot of the state created prior to the War she would not par:
"If you are right in this, then the General Assombly of Virginia that passed the Founding Bill repudiated directly one-third of the public delot, and, constructively, all of the original bonds that were not exchanged for new bonds for twothirds of their amomes.
"If this be so, why were certiticates of indebtedness issued by the State for this repudiated third? Why are those rertificates still on the market as "Virginia defered"? and whe are two-thirds of those 'repudiated original bonds' still estimated as part of the present state debt? lour complaint of the inemuality existing between the hodders of different kinds of bonds, and the ingustice of allowing the holders of one fass to collew the interest dae on theirs, while the hodders of other rasses get no interest on therirs, is just. But, I submit, the responsihility for this wrong and injustier rests mon these that committer it in the passage of the Fomeliner liall, amb mot mpen those that arrested its further rumos. иperations. Yon suges taxing 'whisker and doge as a means of raising sutherient revenne to pay interest on the statr deht. I wombl, if in my power, tax whiskey wht of existrmee. As this camot be Aome then lom it amd punch it wherer it appars, rither openty or in its dark catorns. But it must be poor








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& \text { ".Jいい V.. 【いい!." }
\end{aligned}
$$

## CHAPTER IX

## GOVERNOR PIERPONT「" VIEWS

The following leder from Ex-(iovernor Pierpont, of West Vireinia, siates so graphically the comdition of Vireinia before the war, the damage she suffered by the war, and her imporerished comblition after the war ; and reasoms so logitally abont the relative comblitions and reeriprocal duties of bomdhodders amd nom-bondholders, that it makre a valmahle contribution to the history of the war and reconstruction:
"To the Elitor of the llhig: It is the desigu of this article forement some views on the rerations of Virginia, West Virerinia, and
 State delbt of Viresinia. The verse presented will be based on the facts of history and cont ( $\cdot$ hasions drawn, withont intcombing harshly toreflect on anylooly, hojeing that it maly lead to a better materstambing of thr questons involvad.
"In $1 \times(60$ Virwinia was a happer, prosperons

 nal improwerments, in her storks, her homls.

 honorab)r tralitions amd of the hiviory of hor
 Which rofolit was sivon the stato in hans of money, for whirh her honds were issumd; and


 siall |mols.
































hank stock and bank paper, millions of railroad stocks, all beeame worthless. litile was left of her railroads but the road-beds. The erowning loss was the commereial portion of her metropolitan city, which contained most of the provisions of the state, left at the time. So great latd been the drain on the living of the people. and the destruction of property, that lont for fortuitons riremostanese famine and pestilenere most have followed in the trate of the wars. Add to this, thomsands of men in the bloom of routh, and prime of manhoot, had fallen on the battle-fields, or in hospitals, or were wommed for life. This was war in all its realities. It rame suddenly and mexpertedly, as most wats do. Why it came I leave to the easuist. It is not my purpose to censure anyody. Wiar is an incident to humanity, as much so as moasles and small-pox.
"At the commenement of the war, or at the close it has heen stated that eights per rent. of the state bonds were held in Virginia. All the peophe in the bounds of the Statr, als it mow is, with singular manimity, engage in the wat of seression, or rebellion, with hut fow exreptions. Bomdholders amd mom-bondholders phedged to earlh other their lives and fortumes for the sureess of the madertating. The anteremise falled, but in its proserotion all the losses orcurned to the peophe to which reforence has been made. At the elose of the war, in lisis, the beme holder did mot think of demambing interes or principal, for the simple reason, that from the imporerished condition of the state. he knew that it was impossible for the perple to pay. In proess of time he calle, stealthily, still komw
iner thr inabilit! uf the prople foray thr intrre

















 foris lmond.







 wf $1 / 1$ |lir.







. As to the share West Virginia is to pay: without grome into delais, it may be said that there is a prevalont opinion among the best informed men in the state that in equity West Vireinia owe lut little, if any, on the old State wobt. That abome all the mones, for which the bomsts were given, was expended in what is now the bumds of Virginia. But West Virginia has not ahilite fo pas on the state delde. Her taxes are about the same on the dollar as in Viremian, ame the people feed this a horden. Ther are not in comdition to pay heary taxes. All the lamd in the state at the time of the division was taxd at less than ston.000.000, and now after al quater of a contury with there or four rallations, it has mot incerased en fer rent. More than ome-half of the land in the State is ralued at about one dollar and sixty remes per are: omesixth of the state pars fomesembers of the taxes. She has one rite of 30.000 meople. ller apital has a litta ore fool two other
 of from 100 to 2000 or 3000 inbabitants. There may be me hast furmaer outside of Wherenger in oreration. All the others are in or near Wheremer and there the er there erude ore rekre am limestome from ohtor states. There are sume coal mines in the state hat most of them are ownd be absombes: and whatere is madrat the mines is takn ent of the state to lor taxal. There are larar forests of timber in 12n stalle: of thes. thes that ane conmmint
 wif :amd rarime ont of the statre to the mant-
 valur of the lamt. A large :mmont of the come





 the poralle of the wrime ather time -ime.


 ront. and hre thomeht the balallme womlat he


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 They fought in maty erory bathe from lhatippi to Apmomatox. In manber and valor, foo. thery were ergal to mearly one-half demeral Leres army at Antid am , and emal to his army at Appomattox. In addition th this, the commies of West X'irginia pald homdreds of thomsands of dollars of homaty to her soldioms.
"Ahopting the idea of Wrest Virgimiars liatbilit: for the state debt: If the leresident of the 「nited stater had addressed the armer of West Virginia when it was mustered out of the service, it would have been after this style, if the had adtered to farte:
"Esdiders, when the eapital of the l'nited States was invaded, and the integrity of this great mation homg in doubt, I walled upon rou for assistance. I thank fon for the promptomes with which sou responderl, hat more for the gallant bravery rom dipplayed on so many hat-the-fichls. I sexpet that somany of rome hame
 life.
" 'Sime I made the first rall for your aswist ance, I found it meressary to amaneipate all the slaves in Virginia. I also had vom valuable aid in dexpering a larer perion of material wathta of the perphe of the state. This I fomom
 that the war might be homght to a rkwe I am
 lost havily of yom fornery ly the wat You

 lasese that womld be eontraty tor the latwe of nations. I further rexed th inform when that by the rmancipation of the shares and the farther












 rhildron manat paly the primeibal when it ha.
 h.1.0. Sill.


















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## CILAPTER X

## WAS TIIE FENDING BILL, IRREIESILALLE?

TuE advocates of the Fumding lill raimed that if comstituted an irreperalable contrant. This ratan was sustained hy a majority of the Court of Appeals, amd I was sharply eritiofsed bev them for havinge thr presmmpion to set limself [myself] up in opposition to thr hiownest rourt in Virginia."

 stitntional prorosatives, and so to dispose of the future reremores of the Stato as to plare them beyond the rontrol of subsegnent legisbatures. I wias aftorwand shown a letter fomm Mr. Toftersom to Mr. Madisom that loft mo mo dombt of the emmertacse of my position.

Some rears aftar the pulblation of mus pamphlat - Wrbts and Tases," the following latar
 Combt. 1 give it in foll, as it not omly sustalmed my pexition, hot is a part of the history of the timos:
"To the Ealitor of the Stamoton Tirgimion:
 rlassed with tha smportors of the Fomding Sot
 as amplasis:

* Noithre in its orionn, nor at any periot of its listory, nor mow, have I appowed, or do I





































(herished English and American principle of the motual independence of the lexishative execom1ire amd julicial departmonts of govermment. Ang measmer which hrimes those juriselictions into contiat, and thrusts a cond into ran
 desure.
"The disht of each legislature forontol the rerembes of the State during the periond of its servire camot, in my opinion, be talien away, aither ly prorosative or contract, or any other power or derice, leqistative, exectiter, of judiedal. 'The revemues of a Stato derived from taxation cammot be antailed hy any lewistatmer They are a trost fond to be adminisiored hy cactlowistature on its own responsibility to tha people. It is not competent for a procerdiner hody for rontrol a surreeding one hy athy rocr-
 impearlo its fodelity to the public obligations.
"The attempt of a lecrisiature to obstroter the power of its sheressors orar the revermes for a single raar, of for thirty rates in adranco. is. in my jublement, violently ultro rires. and essentially moll and roid; nor can any aldion of
 ho valinated by any eond whateror in the land. Nostate it is true, has powre be its leqispatura, or oflar oreanism, formair the ohlemions of





 stipulation is bonmd for kow that sumb a boly



































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\begin{aligned}
& \text { " R. W. Il| 1111心. }
\end{aligned}
$$

－Nurfulh，「irwinian．＂

The satme position was sustained by the forlowing decision remdered by . Jumer Rohertson, lereintent of the (oonrt of $A$ pheals of Virwinia:
"No Ntatr shall pass any law impairing the oblisation of contracts."-Com. Enited States.

In delivering opinion of court (in burroughs s. I (9ton) Julge Robertson sals:
" By the term eontradets, in that ramse is mot meant ta inclume the rights and interests exome ing ont of the measimes of that pulalie police.
 sarded as rather in the nature of lexislation than of compard, amd althongh rights amd intorests maty have hern acopuired hy them, those rights
 hy subsequent lewisative elanges which maty dre stroy them."

## ('ll.1I'JEK XI

Fll: M.Aㄷill - 111011.1111.


 am! Mai. Jahn W. I:a\|i•l.


 Wh. WiJ mominalled.



 mam:al.
 the Sullatr of Viranial in the following villa:

 (ifonlt:










"Next to the approbation of God and of my own conseience, 1 prize the approval of good amd intelligent men. My aim has bern so to dischange my legishative duties that those that voted for me shonld have no canse to regret it, and that those that roted against me should have no abne to regret my election without their vote. The very many assurances I have received from my former supporters and opposers of their hearty apporal of my past services, and of their inereased confidence, is the richest and most wratifying reward that could be given me. If I needed any stimulus to faithful and moremitting care of the interests antrasted to me, these assuraneos would supply it.
"Jeeply grateful for your past suppert and confidence, I now, in compliance with many calls, which I believe to express the popular will, ammone that if it be rour pleasmer to nominate mes at fle comvention that las beren ralled to meet in (hatrlothesville on the exth instant, as a candidate for a seat in tho semator uf Visginia, and to eleet me to that position, I shall try to serve ron faithfally and to the best of m! abilit.r.
"Vory respertfully,
". Jons E. Massey.


 fime law? ablost stomp-spothers and dehaters in Virainia, W:A m! competitor for the momination.

Wir mot in disoussion but oncr. That was at

















 What m！halhite amd mathme of life hatre bern：





 ＂いけり fin I＇ll 小保：＂









A frer lake treat was proclaimed. One of the crowl, while partaking of it, shomed, "Three chere for Massey!"

Some ond mplied, "You drinking Leake whislier ame cheremg for Masser:"
" Yis," salil he, ":men the majomity will be for him on dextion day:"

When the mominating convention met in Charlontriville. dreeme somt a solid domation for me. I was nominated by a large majorite:

A lapmblian ran against me. I mavassed


As I was leaving the stand alter somking at
 salid to me. " 1 was much plased with pome
 for ".on."

- I all whal to know jt," I repled.

 Son tron remts about rom?"
" Jes." saidl. "hat not for that purpose. You mast arome me. I dont drink meself, and am-

 - |hal! ron thank fomber that mans rote?"*
- I think it wiy likely." I mpliad, "hat I didni low my xalforpuct."

I he:ard altwerard that the man wom for me.
(1) the day of ramion a mann salid to me. "I "alat bu vor for rom."
"I :ant alad to hear it," I mplied. "and I

" lime." zall lar. " I hate malle a wow that I
 bhine for it. I will hase to brak my mow, or
 if it in mind try r－mts．＂
 is．＂｜raplial．



 int．．












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amd womanhood in ignorance without means to alucate them, while the taxes that were paid by their toil were diverted from their besgitmate objore and wiven to money changers and spectlatores.

I prepared a bill, setting forth the plain mandate of the (onstitution, and reduiring the eap)itation tax, amd ten cents on the hamberl dollars of property taxes, to be paid in mones, and kept as a distinct fand for alucatiomal purposes, as provided hy the Constitution. It was chahorately discossed, amd passed in both homses of the legistature loy large majomites. This bill Was known as the " Massey sehool Bill."

Govermor llolliday retoed it without stating his reason for doing so. Ile simjly reforeat to a veto mossage ha hata sent for tha llouso of lochegates vetoing an entirey difterent mods$11 \%$ 。

When it was reforned to the semato it was taken He amd thr question: "shall dhe bill berome a law regardles of the (iowronores objoetiom:" was submitterl. The bill failed to re-
 Alfaiterl.

The rity press madr the following report:
 Hallda! ratoing somata hill No. 1 , known as
 Masser salid in part:




.. Sir, it is said that brevity is the soul of
























 that that math -atil in und half the time it tom
 [ul han - -al il il :11 all."







to whirh he referred for his reasons for retoing the " Massey Sehool libll, was known as the " lbabour Bill." Aftor it passed tho llomse and Wats being romsidered in the senate 1 atromated it. The newspapers wate the following report of mits sperell:
"Wre plate before our readers the following rxtrad from the speed made by Semator Masser, on the loth of Fehrmary in the semate of Virginia, in faror of the ' Sill imposing taxes on rall and personal property to mert thr neres saly expernses of the gevermment, for publia frer selood prirposes, and to pay the interest on the puble Robt"
"Mr. Massey salid: 'It would be extremely difirolt, Mr. I'resident, if not. impossible, amid
 more fair, gust, ame equitable bill than this. It proposes to do tha fallest justior. whirlo the mo:ans at omb rommand render possible. for tha
 all rlases of stater raditors. If it br passeal
 I hapr amd beliove it will be, it will preserme







 lar llomon of rephdiation larline in it, and aro taxing all thrir powros of sophistry and rholoria


















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own ronvictions of duty, rather than hy their ipser di.rit.
.- It matr bremkind, sir, for disturb the solf-
 homor: but I womld rexperafolly remind them that he who said. Thom shalt mot stal, said also, Thom shalt wot bear false wifness asalinst the motiohbor. Thare ara many wits in whirh this rommand maly he violated. hut I will only mention a frw of threm.
" [ It may br viohated hy impropropy applyine
 Worthy motives. lis discossing or allonating corroct moral principles, aml then imsimatiner that those who do not asrer with rom upon other flocetions are not goveromed hy these moral prinriples. It maly he riolated ly expesing masomad



"• I hopers. sir, I shall mot he mismalerstomed mpon this point.
.. © I Hfler mo Word of romplaint acramst ally man, Whateror his ralling or profossion may be
 fatlafal compliamer with moral oblioations. ar

 tredres mot ronfliat with his themry. I have aras imsinforl. and rard shall insish. that it is tha
 [hst amb hamest dehts, for momest rextent of thoir ability: I will mot stor to imquire into
























## CILADTER NHI

TIIE RROKER゚ H HILI,
The ammal increase of the State deht, by more than a million of dollars, and the increasing disatisfaction of the people, a wakned even Funder legislators to the mewessity of a comb promise with bomduoders. 1 romfaremer with them was proposed. Hoping that satisfartory terms might be agreed upon and an amicable set. thement made. 1 spoke and voted for a proposition to invite bendhelders to meret a joint committere of the legislature in the eity of lia-hmond on a given day. When the day ated upon arrived not a single bondhodder appeared. The legishative committer was met hy Hon. Hugh Meremb lowh, Ex-seretary of the louted states Treasury.
lle hrought a new lounding Bill with him which had here framed be him and his semdicate. and printed in New Yonk, without any romsultation with the anthorities or ferphe of Virginia. He satid it mas be pased by the lemislat ture without any change whatever. I wished to know what amome of stato bomds lar amd his smodiate owned or controlled. Itr said the did mot own or control ang, hat he thought if the hill he hrought was promptly pased, without any alteration, there rould inthemer homdhomer to acopt it. This bill was the Brokers bill.
 lombing Bill.

Examination of this hill satistical me that I hat no use for it. It was, in my opinion, more




































real on three different days of the session in the honse in which it originaterl, moless fwo-thirds of the members of that homse shatl otherwise detramine."

Immerliatrely upon the introduction of the bill a resolution was alopted tixing the time for voting upon its tinal passage about threr hours thereafter. leat a small portion of it was read before ant amemelment to it was olfored. 'Thes disemssion of this amemdment eonsmoned the 1 ime until the home that had beron set for votine upon the passage of the hill. The vote was taken and the hill deelared pased without its ever having been oncer read.

I prepared a protest, guoting the comstitutional requiremant, amd rexting thr hasty amd monernstitutional manner in whirh the hill hatd beren rashed thromehthesemate. I asked to hate this protest antroed mon the journal.

The fromals of tha bill salw that if my por test were madre a part of the rerome its passater

 coded mer rixht to have it dome. Thay then res. infrorlarof the hill and hurried it thromeh the
 toman] requiremonts.

This bill redgired the symdicate to fund s心. 0100,000 of thr poble debt within six months from its passare. 'The eonmmissionders of the sinkins fund allowed them to me the sinking funds to mathla them to eomply with hhis reduiremment.
 incr motr was heard of them or it. 'Thersmbicate


the bomdhakers in worer emmbition that thes formul the.il.
















Thr following rendminns wron manimmaty








 - - ! .




 "himh imarfor with wher :amb parammont still intorat.

116 Autolvography of John E . Massey
"fth. That the preservation of the finctions of the (iowermment, the smpore of her asylums for the insame, and her institutions for the deaf, damb, amd blind, and the maintenanee of her system of publice ahacation are paramonnt duties.
". 5th. That the control of her revenues thromgh her legishature, regularly rhosen, is a soverejgll right of which no one legishature has the right, or the power, to divest the State.

* 6 th. That we heartily aprove the calling of a convention of ladajusters to be hehl in the eity of Richmond, on the abth instant, for the purposes of motmal conference, and mote thoromgh organization."

The chairman was authorized to appoint five delegates from each preeinct to represent this county in the comerntion in Richmond, to whirh delesation were added Albemarles representatires in the Virginia legislature, and any known Readjusters visiting Richmond at that time.

## (ll.\I'leに NIII

## 











 the lewivathan malese I comblat he at majorit!

















asamad earh other were thenceforward known as Fomblers and headjusters, respertively.

What was the real issue between these parties? One party chamed that the new state of Virginia was bound hy an irrepealable condract for the dedt of the ohd state anseremained and assumed be the Fouding Bill of 1 N Th. The other party denied that that hill comstituted an irrepeatable comtanet a and denied the right or power of one legishature so to dispose of the fature revemes of the state as to deprive future legishatures of the power amd right to fontrol them.

These questions were entirely separate amb distind from mational polities. Hemere eath of these parties was composed of looth Demoerats and Repmblians.

The manmes which most comeretly defined the differene between these parties were" Fumders" and "Radjusters." No odimm, wr oprohrimm, was attacherd to rither of these names. The
 "rpmoliatos and coalitionists." I kiew of no Readjusters that were Readjusters from prinriple that were repmiators. If the mion of Demontats amd Repmblicans mate either party
 aware that lambuster seakers aro appled this torn to Fumbers: hut Fumbers appled it to Roallonstre matil it berame offensite, and it was
 with the natme "Readjuster" that mane seremed to reand it a proner appolation. Ean mow mon write and suak of "Radjusters or Coalitomists as if these tithes were symmanome. II. whon does this is igmomant, thomghtless, or projudiced.


 Malon" parly."







 'Thas were prolitar in promises. hatt propmed 16























### 1.20 1 Intobiography of John L . Massey

1 mul Com. William Mahone for the first time a short while before the adjournment of the legislathee of lasera. Ihe was hathy, magnetic, phamible; and he was a tine organizer. He was a leading Democrat, and had been a prominent candidate hefore the gubernatorial convention for momination for (iowernor of Virginia at the time that (iovermor Ilolliday was nomimated.
foll. Ahaham Fulkeron, of Washingon Gombly, who (o) operated with me, was one of the haminies men in the semate. He was a friend of Germeral Mahone, to whom herent a eopy of mes pamphlet " Dehts amd Taxes," and whom he alsised to rejorse the canse of Realjustment.

Gemeral hatmene requested an intarvew with Fobonel Fulkerom, and said that my pamphet had emtirely changed his views, and that he
 with us.

The Realduster party was organized at Mozart
 partios in Virginia were then dexgmated Fomd-


The fommers had great advantare in the conW. There heldall the offeres, state and comaty; owned the athtre pres of the state: were well suphied with momer and weakrs: and were wed


 He Honery, ath me wranization.


(i,ll. William Mahome ownel the lichmond










## CHAP'TER XIV

## the campalian of 18T!

lt has been said that the campaign of 1879 was the most exeiting in the history of the politias of the state. Togive some ideal of the eanrass I shatl quote freely from the reports mate ley the correspondents of the Richmond Whit. which was at that time the Readjuster organ. The Brokers Bill was the question at issue.

The ranvass, as herefofore stated, was commened at Charlotesville, at the April term of the Abremarle ('ont. The next disenssion was at Wytheville, in Wye County, and was reported as follows:
"Itom. John WV. Daniel took the stand for an hour and a half. Major Daniel is a gentloman of the persomal apparamer, gratefal manmer, and silver tomgre amd would do remlit to anc (amse he might exponse His spered was tilled with beamiful thights of chomere amb arated the wammest applase of his frimots. Majom Haniol erratinly mat the experations or his friemds, and therefore shomld be well satiotied with his effort. Ha mallamed to show that the Brokres latl is a fair compromise and all we
 saly that low. with grat adroitures, seraed mpon the strong peints of the hill, athl disemsed them with ability, but skillfully dodered the most ot jertionable, mingst, amd monstitutional ones. Ilis speech was supported by facts and tigures

 hliv Ior hall hill of the homers．






 Jい品に：

























shaved and speculated on at their pleasure. Fifth, it saps the very fomadation of State sor
 the power to control her own reronues for forty rals. This is dome by the obmoxions eompon. sisth, it increases the Staters liabilities ler converting interest into principal. Serouth, it disrriminates majustly in favor of (onsol and against perler bonds-pays full intreret on eonsol amd half interest on preeler. Eierlath, it disrriminates asainst the laborer and the landownere, and in favor of the mons?d man, by making the bomds nom-taxahle (ser Constitution, ('hapter 10, 1st Seetion). Ninth, it allows forrign sondieates to arenpt or to rejere it, hot wives no surd option to the people. 'Tenth, it allows the bondholders to comvert ome deht into a arold
 With West Virginial for the settlement of Weet Vireriniås third. Twelfth, it athlorizes exerot fors, administrators, and other didnriaries to
 them to speculate with the money of thair Wards, or helonging to retates in thrib hands. Thirternth, it provides for ato anmalal increase of the liabilities of the State les anthoriziner the Amritar to ixsur an indedinite momber of tax-


 the ?
 mahr the rich riflere amd the poer poorere

 Sematr, as follows:











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 11:1! ! 1 - $1!111$

1.56 Autobiography of John $\dot{\text { Li. Massry }}$
Interest alone for 10 vears $89,1000,000$
Ada eost of funding, say ..... 50,000
Ammal on bonds, which is to be res. mithod. Sbe, 000 for 10 rears 660.000
('ompons ontstamding to April $1,1 \times 79$ 800.000
Aroarages to schools ..... 1,000.000)
Arratraces to asymms $\because 00,000$
Serrmed and mopad interest on Lit- "F:ay Foma $2(i .3 .9$ - $: 3$
Ammal interest on the Literary Fimel for 10 voras ..... 843.490
Total$\$ 13.696,713.9$
To be raised earh rear in 10 vears. in addition for what is meressary to support the govermment and the frer sehools, eateli vear $81.369,576$
The whole amoment appleable to thesepurposes at the present rate of tax-ation is972.262
Leaviner an anmmal defirienter of. S?97.:311
Tha assessment of 1880 . it is helieved,will raluee the rexemores at least.2.00 .000
"Making an ammal doficienry of ..... Sf17.311
increase of tasation. 'The amoment neressary tobe raised to pay interest alone on the debt amd
 いo： 1 ：

































 should have the salme fime for rase the diseras-




 ford.
-. Xr. Xasser matle one of thr ahbest, most lowical amb argumentative sperebes eror heard

 resturers before the war af lare dismomberment darime thr war: of the mestraction of her pe
 Wistrid No. 1 for fira vears after the war: of
 stidntion marle. not he her own ritizens. hat ls her ememies: of thr Fomdiner lill that land beren

 ple hatd rephdialod that measime amd hatl sent
 hatl hern fonled amd dixappointad hy thr pas


 powivions itom hy itam, and when har harl fin-













































160 I"tobingraph!y of John $\mathrm{E} . \mathrm{Massa}$ !
amd usially very rombeoms, hat sermed to have heroll hadly roarcherl for this oceasiong. He hatd scarmely mate an opening hefore he pitehod into
 bwere withont a briof. a proarlar withont a rharera, a politician withont principles. who hat left his hieh position in the polphit, amd was bedrasering his saderedotal robers in the filth and mire of the political pool. It may he infereed from this start that his spoereh was momsually serere and littory hat it was more so than any oner that knows Major Damiel womld infor.
" 1 Io spoke of Semator Massey and the 1 werber men that had invitod him to spark in Libury as '. Tolm and his twelve apostles.' Je said all this pratiner ahont the so-ralled initgitios of the settlament of the publie deht was the merest halderdash fo deeredo and mislead the people: that the Readjusters, who were in fart repmbiators, did not want to sette the debt ; that its settlement would destroy harir stock in trade-mhere politiral capital: that they were like the old dordor that sent his son to atteme an old pationt. 'The
 that he had remerd the patient. The fathere in dismary, exelatmed, 「Yon have romed me! I've beral living on that rancer for ratrs: 'Tho
 the Reandusters world starve: that theor hoper is to riale inta wfier mpon that hohby. 'The ofliores.


 sion of thr drht sathement: amb when he took it up ha showed momblas familiarity with it than





















 - (1) 11! :















## 162 Autobiography of John $E$. Massey

taken, some others will need it besides myself. ". I do not suppose that it was mecessary for Major lanicl to inform you that I am a minister of the (iospel. I am personally a stranger to you, but all of yon who have heard of me have heard that I am a minister of the (iongel. I am mot aware that there is ambling dismemable in that, provided I act consistently with mer profession. I am glat to know that nome of my opoments have ever charged me with conduct incomsistent with ministerial character, muless my present associations be so eonstrued [Waring his hand al Damid and Walker].
" Why have these gentlemen paraded the fact that I am a minister? If they had known me to be a dronkard, a gambler, or a libertine, they would not have alluded to it. Have they so poor an opinion of the eitizens of bedford - a combtr that has sent out more preachers than any other commer in the statc-as to suppose the wombly have fess contidenere in a man who goes from the hasting to the mayrmeeting, or the pulpit, thath they have in those who go from the hast inge to dramshops and qumbling dens? Suct insimutions are insults to yom, follow-ritizras: Xajor Daniel sals 1 and bedrageling materdotal where in the filth amd mime of the politial pool. If it is as tithey as he reperesents it I will mot charar him amd (inmeral Walker with mation! it so. hat I will (harog them with failin! to porrify it, thom both of them haw beern lous in it.
 it withont suiling their gatments it is time to throw in some purfying aloment. Bint why ary
 m! !ammation and sumencerned abont their

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ing to Danide and Walker] may wear themselves out withont its beiner consedons of their hows.
"• 1 know mothing of Major lomiol"s devotoms: hat if hr has any, mow that lye wivon him the liont, I think one of his datly petitions will he that John E. Masser may mot fall from sarae dmoing this canrass. If he hears that I have fallen, he will mever tread on moy tose after flat. lle will never presume apon Johais forbeatanco asain. Ile will he very comrteons to John after flat.
.- lint, sars Major Daniol, all the heanlonsters are after are the olliees. Werl, if that be so, they are eroing to get them. Offeres are neressary, and have to be filled by somebody ; and the jeoplo of Virerinia are too magnanimoms to forer them
 people just as compertent to fill them who do wamt them. Of romise. men whot somere at others for Wanting ofteres doñt want any thomselves. Xajor loaniol sheers at me for wallinge office:

$\cdots$ - I (la mot wish to disparago Major loanial.
 hat many momarked graves eontain theremains of men who fomght jost as harrer as le dial. Theg eombla't all he majors. Wha wrop heard of
 til within a frow valls: lint now his mamm is
 the stalr. How did it herombe so well komwn? lioramsu it has bern assoriated with rerry offor in the erift of the perphle. Ilo has bern a stamblang

 amd for the I nited states Semato ; amd when the








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 mand time in singla has.
















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166 Autobiography of John IV Massey
". No! no!' several cried ; 'he didn't interrupt rom, and rou sha'n’t interrupt him!"
" Major Daniel took his soat, aml Mr. Masser, turning to him, said, Major, if $I$ am bearing down too heavily I will lighten up a litur. The Major again asked if he might explain.

- Certainly, said Mr. Massey.
". No! no!' the erowd again eried; 'you shan"t interrupt him.
" Ile again took his seat, amd Mr. Massey said, - Major, if rou'll tell me where the sore place is I'll kerep my hands off it."
". Sore place!’ some one rried, •he"s sore all orer: louve not left a particle of skin upon him!'
" This was, in many respects, a remarkable dis. cussion. Sharp and keen as the passes were beweren the ghatiators, no ill ferling was displayed hy rither spakers or hearers. At the eonelasion of the disenssion Mr. Masser received a perfeet wation. No ond questioned his completerictory. Ilis first sperely eonvinced the erows that he was rixht, amd his last perferetly raptivated them.
 takr Daniol amd Walker homm with him. As
 malled lastily: • 'Tharmon! briner on your ambur
 heal all romb wommed wemerals:...
- The W"arrenton papers statmathat Mr. Mas

 that he would he met and used up by (ixil. W*. II.

" Mr. Masser, howrary, prolished that he
The l'umpmi!!n יf ハi!! 16ia
 ful! 1 ©川m.


 matil Mr. Mansel lafl.































nor. His sperth from begiming to end was rompents and dignified. The large andionce listrom with rident interest, and frequently alpatuded the suaker.
" When Mr. Massey eonchuderl, one of the
 memts. a glase, and a piteher of toddy on the tahke and wetmed th his seat.
" (aptain Sheprerl then went forward and rammurned in an impassionced mamer, not to
 the lioknes bill, or ans other iswe but to disGuse Mr. Massey and the Readjuster parts, or,

- Ifter expmesing his loathing of Radjustors, hre thend toward Mr. Masserg and pointing at him, said. - If I were to join such a party as he holonges to, I would be a seromblel!' and contimmel in this wein th the emd of his time the thern twik his sat, with the apperarane of entire weffeatisfartion-werming to sily, Answer that



 lain then dwwn her him. Ha then raried his
 of toml! : and an it her him. Ite then wiped off the drape of dowly which had been willed on the table. All this wis dome in silenere while











































done in the most pleasant mammer, withent the
 1"י。
"Mr. Masser had so fally disemsised the larokrros lill and other issurs of flar ramvass in his fiast speref that he deromed it uselese to deVote more time to them, amd rlosed amid lone amb Voriferoms applanse. Ho ran troly saly with ('asalr: - l rame, I spoke, I rompurrod.
" A F.arolomar REMborster,"

It is mue to Captain Shepremed to saly that when I next visited Warrentom lae med me at the depot, imvited me to go home with him, amd was one of my warmest friombe the resither of his lifi.
"The most remarkahle merting in many resperts whirl was evor held in Norfolk rity was held horer last night. 11 hatd leren anmonamed




 of these hollses.
 in Norfolk, with whom Mr. Masser was stoploine obtaimed tha mse of Marlamirs Hall. Ho em-
 tho hall, haml at lar harrel sat on firo al rarla










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1:2 1 Itrbiography of John $E$. Masss!
liall. He said we ought to areept it-that the (emermor appowed it, that the LiemtemantGowrome the lonited states smators, all the Congreswerl, all the state oflicers, and meaty atl the lawers approved it! He nerer attempted to explain it, or show ane hemetits which the state wond derive from it.
"Mr. Massers commencement was a model of modesty.
" H1" said: "Fellow-ritizens, I am a total strager to yom, amb have mo raims opon rom exeret those whide arise from the fact that I , a mater Virginian, come to talk to Virginians abont materes in which they are as much interesterl as 1 am.
". I raim no superior ability. I only raim that having stadied the issues of this amases esperially the brokers Bill, which is the man issure. I ang give yon a fair explanation of it.
"' Ily frimod, who has just taken his seat, has disernser me more than he has the issues which divide us.
". Ihe seeme to be in trouble, and has appealed to me most pathetirally to come to his relief bex giving him something ont of the (iood Bookthe writings of leder and l'anl amd John-and as I ratur to be an aceommonating man, Ith try to aceommodatr him.
 one and to the othere stiming we the people and making them disatisfied.
-. If I (an show him from that (iome laonk that others hate suffered as he hainks he is sufforing it will be comsuling to him.
 that dond book that when I'al and Silas wemt























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17t Autobiongaphy of John $\dot{\text { E. Massey }}$

* It is impossihm to do justier lo Mr. Massey sperell. Ite illastrated mally ofter points



 asked for. I want foranomorlatr him, and
 but if he keeps intorrophting me I donit know



 him: but ms Goorle friend has silved mer that tromble ont his oceasion-he has rehihited hime self."
" Mr. Goocle lereame perfardly firions at this,
 Massey. The romad hissed atul roied, sit down! sit गown!
" Mr. Massey sald, 'What is the matter, my (anodr fridad?

 farod me smell an insull!

 hosi lo ploner him- lo gime him just what low

 lar romme fory leonse loll fry formarain him.



 il:



















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the same question, but did not know whether he womld ansurer it or not.
" Mr. Massey said, • You mexd mot hesitate fo ask me that question. I am alomorerntic Refr justrr, amd when the mattras that now divide us
 ratie manks. You rhare the Radinsters with trying to capture thr mexo vote. Do von demy that Fomblers are also trying to apturn thair votes: Ealeh party wishes to serolere all the rotes it ean, whether they arr rast by whites or hates. and if it seromes them fairl!, meither one (:an romblain of the other for doing it. I hatre
 nor hate I erer oeropied a stand with a mexro. Fan foll say the same of all prominemf Fumblers? "•


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 - Wlall in llar malllol.'



 lature.

ds soon as it was linown that I was refadod for the semato I was requestorl be mant friemos to beeome Anditor of loublic Areonmts. I eonsented to be a camdidate for the oftice.

Whan the legislative callous mef to mominate offorres at rule had been formmated to apportion the ofticers among the ('ongressional distriels, and to erive the Readjuster mombers from the difterent Congressional distridets the rierlat to natme the men who were to herededed to aflee from their respection disifirts, amblo select the rerks ther were 10 appolint.

I han no ohjeretion to a proper distribution of the oflees orer the Slate, but was opposed to having the relerks that were to be emplosed in then appointed by men who hat no responsihility for their faithfulness or aflodencer
 fions.

Tharenpon the following resolntion was offoral hy 'T. L. Nirliar, of Albomarle, amd umanimonsly adopoted:

- Rasalval, that if the llon. John E. Massey
 romms. his oflire shall mot he rlatored formy distriat. hat to the statr at larero. in ronsideration of his rminont serviers and his rminment fit. noss amd ability."
 Was mominatorl alll rement.


 belimal. Nomr of thr rommissionters books of














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said to my clerks that the work most be done without regard to these homs, and they worked both early and late. I had a bedtounge pat in my oftice, and slept there rather than wo to my harding-honse when I stoped work in the night.

No smmary of receipis and disharsements, by which I eould know the ammont of monery in the treasury had been kept in my office. A clerk from the Treasimers oflow reported the amomet to me daily at the elowe of oflier hours. I had a book opened in which all recopits and dishmesments were entered. By refring to this I combld tell the amome in the treasmy at any hour.

The legislature authorized me to borrow S200,000 to meet the pressing meressities of eleemosynary insitutions, and to pay the rurrent expenses of the gewermment.

The (iovernor and Amitor had friod to borrow s.0.000 the werk before, and womblan do it. The temulers langhed at the idea of the " Rapmiators." as they andod the Randinsters, bornwing se00.000 when the "Debt-payers" could mot borww s.0.000.

1 mand al earefol astimato of the amomit due hey terasmers and rarks, the :mmmons that 1


 legal andisers of thr Planters liank. Juder W: V. (romp amd rol. W. W. Fiorlon.
 me thr Se00,000. I arranged to have it plater to my ardit in fomp instalmunts of s. 50.000 rath. at statm intorals as I romla man it.













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1 mhlrown a circular to all rombly and rity
 matly in all maney in harir hams, amd for


 of paran a ramplimentary whe of hamke in me.














1N: 1 ntohiograph!y of .John E . Massey
to the Auditors oftice for years, and it is the first time they have been retmened to me. I seme them batk for bilyment: and, moless ther are promptly bata, I shall ask for a mamalams to compel their payment."

I replied: "As rom rerognize the fatct that I am newly in my otice, I hope form will beat with me until l an familiarize miself with its dotirs. I confess that J anm igmomant of any



 that erotitied them to refer me to it."

I retarmed the acrommts with my letter, ame never heard of theme asallo.

Shortly after this quito a larer hateh of ate combts was semt me for parmont from lime hallan Combty. I took the same eonlese with them that I had laken with those ahose reformed to. In at

 Hext torm of the limelaman (ountity (ourf to show ranse, if anty lar eall, why an attarhmont shomlal not he issime atalast him for rantempt
 this .ombt."
 in answoring it withont msing aliold irons. Yot



 has born dismbser.."
 gatl, withomt ally wromer intoll of those that





























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The lemishature of 1850 pased a "hill to re. wablish the polblie eredit," but the (iovernor remed it, and it failed to pass ower his veto. This bill to settle the State deht was kuown by the mame of its anthor, and was ealled the " Riddrrerare Bill."

## ('ll.ID'IER IV!



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asamst all deviers to suborlinate the support
 stitulons fo ally other daim whatsocrob: alme
 latid down her the romsention herld at Mozalt


 privilege of passing julgmont he a patisan and arhitraty exereise of the exerntive reto-as rorreatly amborlying the samm, as faily meating the aghities of the rase allal tha neressitias of the perple amd as romstituting the extremo limit of legal and moral ohligation upon tho part of this

"?. That while it is of srave importanoe to every interest of the (ommmonwathla that the qumeston of the publir delat should be limally and
 (sxential fasture of finality whirh shall hark the appooval of thr people: ame romsent will mever be eriven lọ thr mangety for whom this romvern-
 involves an indrase of faxation, whirla raales ally lion ufon tha rexembes, whirh ratangers the

 interest in eompmititon of the deht, whirh ree




 than thr fillameial oftirers of the
















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rafes, farilifies, amd commections as will protect wory imbastre amd interest aganst diswominafons, temd to the devolopenent of their atrientthral and mineral rexomeres, encomeage thre inFrstment of active a:pital in mannfactures and the profitahle amplormont of labor in industrial (atrerprises, grasp for our eitios those allantages to which ber reason of their weographical position they are entitled, and fultill all the exeat publie embs for whirlt they were dexigned.

- $\overline{6}$. 'That while looking to tha maintanamore of' the primeiples and areomplishment of local objects ahowe set forth as surnorior to all wher eotr siderations with which the Reatjusters as a party have to deal, there are reasoms both of duty amd poliey why this oremaization, ealled into rextence hy a majority of the penple of Virerinia, should eontrol as surh the voico of this State in mational affairs. It is important io a sureessful issur of the rontest in 1 SSt for sur
 sentatives to. and of, the Faderal diovernment from, and in. Virerinia slould not be fonmot, as hithroto, contesting and obstructinge thr manifost will of a madority of this people mpon domostir operations. To thr end, therefore, that powre may not fall into the hands of arowed armemes of tha ratuse of leandustment. of liberal governmont, amd of popular suraroisnty, this combention mominates a fall iadsat of amedors. amb that it reanmments to thr party in the ser aral distrirts of tho Stato to hold combentions and mominato ramdidatre forseate in thr Fomaral (ongerss. And beliwing that tha objerts hith-
 of Virerinia are to be host subserved her the ale e.


 intalal b this combertion is introllond in buhalf



















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taimer wholly fortate matters. ITener eateh party Was composed of both Demorrats amd larpublic:ans.
 -ratic part! hatl berem hald on the 19th of Ma!
 comvertion which was for mot in Cimeinmati,


The following elerfors wore appointer by it:
 electors at large: Thomas (roxton, lst district;

 ton, Jth alistrict: Simmel firittio, tith district:



I thomerht thr adoption of thr ladaljuster plat-







 Hover matrea mome effertior spereh.

Ther platform was alophod with pracelacal matinimity, and thr following aleetors were al.






 Sth district.









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 -allent.


 himalolne -imonts.





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192 Autobio!raph!y of John $\begin{aligned} & \text { K. Masse! }\end{aligned}$
Riddleberger, and pledsed to IIancock, will
 will beat ather the Fumder or Giripsade tirket hy this rote-not less. Rely on this.
(Signed) "Whbian Jaimove."

I did mot, and comld mot. donbi Gomeral Mahoness Democracy after surf publie derlarations as theser, in addition to thase matra to me prirately. Whan he was so sharply critirised by Senator lill in the Enited States Smate-ton sharply, I thought-and retorted that he was a "better Democrat than the Semator from Georgria," and adder, " I want the gemtrman to know hemereforth and forever that here is a man, sir, that dares stamd up and speak for himself in all mattore withonf regime to cancoms," I applanderl lis independence.

I little thomght that he that thus proclaimed his indrondelence of cancols rale was sorkinge to hind otheres to ober the most iqnominions (aneras rules ever framed.

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Than dropping his roice，lowking me directly






I was smprised amal shoked：It at onee Hasherl mum me hat demeral Mahome was woing 10 dosommhing amd takre some stop incomsistent with his mast pronescioms．

I howken at him as armextly as he dial at me．





 har right th think．to seak，and to ant for ma－ wit．＂

This was the las intervirn wre are had．I

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 provall mat momination wh the lif: ballat: then
































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196 Allotiography of John $E$. Massey
My friends numbering from 350 to 400 , seeing the rickery that was being practiced, left the concention and went to my headquarters, declaring they would nominate me or break up the consention.

I sald to them: "You are excited. I am not. As sou have shown such contidence in me as to wish to make me your Governor, I hope you will now listen to me, and go with me into the consention."

I had not beem in. When I went in the noise and confusion were indercribable. I went upon the stage, and as soon as order could be restored $l$ sald to the convention:

- I am lut a man, subjeet to like passions as wher mon, and if I shombl, whder the excitement of the moment, say indisereet things, you must bear with me. I do not think, however, that I shall say anything that ought mot to be said. Yon are excited. I am as calmas a Mar morning. Onc evidence that solommonge of his wisdom was when two women wemt to him with a W:al and: a living rhild. Eand chatimed that the liviner child was heres amd the dead dhild was tha wher womans solomon samb. This woman sals the livine whid is here and the deald ehild is Ho nther womanis: amd that woman says the livieg ehild is hers, amd the dead ehald the othere "omanis. How rall l tell: Dring me a swom and divide both the dead and the living ehild in hatf and give half th the ome and half to the





Whild: she is the mother of it. 1 suppers no whe "ill dell! that licilljusumemt is m! rhild, m!
 it in its infanty, l lainmal it in its louth, I
 ins blo se it killed in is maturily. (iise all bu
 1 ':ameron.."

Thay did sw, amd he Was mominated.









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When I was at Judge Lybrook's, in Patrick County, the Judge showed me two pledges that had been sent him. He expressed indignation at receiving them, and was abont to throw them into the fire. I asked him to give them to me and he did so. I have them yet. They are as follows:
" Patrick County, V'a., 1851.
"I hereby pledge myself to stand ly the Readjuster party and platform, and to go into cancus with the Readjuster members of the legislature, and vote for all measures, nominees, and candidates to be elected by the legislature that meets in lichmond, as the calucus may agree upon. Given under my hand and seal this - day of September, A. D. 1881."

These pledges were accompanied by the following letter:
"U. S. Internal Revemue Collector"s Office, "District, Virginia. " Jimuille, sept. 1t, 1 sel.
"Dear Jthae: I semd you herewith two 'phedges,' to sign one, and have the party nomince for rour combty sign the wher oure and return to me, and I will forwad them to demaral Mahome, who diredts me to do this.
(Signed) "Prenalio."

There were one humdred and forty members of the hegishature. Eighty of these were Rembl justers and sixty were Fumders. The mited wote of the Radjusters combld pass any measure they wishod. Forty-one members of the "anu-
 the efrlats. Sa that if fort! whe members vord




 in all maltrrs.














 pontit hy the separations.













Sonth: and low he triod to bratk it by romeili-














 aid the mew emmbination her whirla the solial





 home fothal that a large portion of his rolloral







 allal low uf thr (:abionet.






































These ruldes assigned to the respective conaressonal distride the varions ofleres that were to be fillod be the lesevature No ame but a ritizen of the distriat eomble bemmanted for any ofleor assigned to it. Only Ramdinster members from the distriel romld propose the candidates to ha nominated for oftiar in thare disfrict. . Nll relerks of the varions oflicess were to he selectod and appointed by the ratucoss. All camblates for momination were required to give a written pleder fore worarned by theso pos.

How threse rules worked: Thre otlice of Silperintemdent of Pablie Tnstruction, ome of the most important oftores to br fillorl, was assigned to thr Sth Congressiomal Distriat. There wrere hat flares Rampusters in the lexislature foom that district. One of the threr was mominated hex the two others. That insmed his momination hes the raturas and remetion her the lexishatmere The man thas selpetod possessed erond exerotive abilitr, hont was dofieiont in erlmeation and was profaile.

The offier of Surlitor of Puhlir Aerounts was assigned to my district- the Th. This was thomertt to insmor my rererefion: but was a ןlan of Malıonres to hlind mer fuiduls amd ultimately to rreatr the impression that I reerlimed
 offier upon the conditions imposerl he the a ralse. Ila knew, also, that if tha Thamocratia labajustores moderstood that ho was serking to prevent my perederion they womld rexolt against lis anthoritr: homer he had planmed to do hy imbiredion and mereption what lae dared mot opemly avow his purpose to do.













 Whil. I did $x$.






















201~ 1 ntobiography of John E. Mussey
questinably obey his orders. which were usmally given as reperdful "rempests."

The lemishative am jutional departments were mamber filled her men of his awn selection and wer perfectly subservent th him, hat he combld not rontrel the execotion department.
llis first test of the embmissimenes of the Auditor of Public Aecommes was to assess him atm all his remes ten per rent. of their salarios and to " resperefolly ask that yom will rombributa these sums to ont (:ampaign F"und."
 offiere and we confered alont it. There result of our conferemer was that we "resereffully deflimed to be assessed."

Gemeral Mahomers mext test of the Ambiors
 "requests." was in commertion with the appointment of mondors of delimpont taxes.

Tha law mand it the daty uf the Ambitor of

 ghent" within sixty lays, or as som themafter as particable, after rereiving them. This dray of sixty dase was to sive the Ambtor time to
 ited to the trasmers that retmond them. In til this was dome wo one had ther right for onlled these baxes. I comptied strictly with hoth the band amd the pribit of this law.
 10 sign and isme tax meropts. hank ats th the namm of the tas payer and whakr all that misht
 hot preitivery derlimed on do this. I hede that the rapitation tak of ally ome that had beron re-





 (1) it.















 Ya-1.! | 11 ill follon bull:."












20s Autohin!raph! of John L. Vassey
readers beliewe that I and those who appore my
 be true the party has last four fifthe of its nombers and mine-tenthe of its intellownal and moral power. I have not the stightes dombthat at least thene peromertions of the party belime mas


 to. Thair only trouthe is that, having mere agreed to that wrong, they are in somm way
 from their wrong position and takr al right on will amdanger the parte. Ther admit the promciple I am contenderg for is right, yet insist I mast recede from to to sam the jarty. The argmment amomes (o) this.' If the ramerne ehamges from wrong to right it will despog the hears. juster parte: but if will rhange from right th wome it will sime it. No party omshto live.





 of a fex of its members. dietaterl to them her a中: mosern hamd which rondrols it -mals amd will
 throne will plath thamentres still mom fimbly













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## CHAPTER XIX

## THE BIG FOL゙R

The labadjusters hatd a majority of fommeem in the llonse of lemegates. amd of six in the semale. This was the rase when the lerisla-
 they conld pass any measure they wished, or that General Jahone dietated fhromesh his (:1111-11s.

Brefore I herame aware of dencral Maboners desigus I adrised that no one shomld be appointed or alecterl to any wfice who was not (apable and worthy that hat few laws shonld be passed, of athernded; that there shonlal be manifest meressity for every ehange mande in the laws then in forer, of for mew ones amated; that
 bre redared. I said if wo took this rombe the penple of Virevinial wonlat sore that onf objert Was to permonte the best interests of the state. toreliore her of the mixime wo hat complatined of, amd not prasonal actumationment. This


 a farmor whose manator brines hime in dobt
 sfono into his porkal ammanlly he will mexer disehatrer the bew and replatre the old manatere
lant $I$ somen fommat that the rhiof requisita
 Mahons. It berame vary apparent that (ameral
 moller his rontrol.



































212 Aulohirgrophy of John E. Massey
womberfal athievements of my life. I was in daily dread for six weels that all of them could not resist the pressure they had to beare. They athd I wroes shadowed or fohlowed everywhere we Wrat : amt every man that was sern in rombersation with any of us was soon interviewed.

A sper was lapt in at room opposite mine in tha hotel in which I boarded to report every man that eame to ser me: and I did mot, I am surr, arratar morr than form homs sleep in fombeand-twedty for six wreks. Ved the whole " lifg Fomb" stood firmly lọ me thromgh all those dark dats-among the darkest I ewer exferiomeed. I have been ralourized for having *ited the Statr fromb degradation and ruin: hat I comblant have done it hat for the eo-operation of the moble " Bio Fomr." Eateh of them der
 mombry.

A lady who boarded at the samo hotel that I did. amd whose hoshamd oerolpiod a high porsition in the lahome (:amp, rembred me valnable ascistane hy kerping me informed of the plans and movemamts of Mahond amd his party. We
 to mo while I was ratine. Findine that wr were
 "I'r. hat to inform thr wift uf al flemal of mine of all sha wishod ma to kmow, for latiat lally foll her hashathe amd lo lat hime loll me. By this mo:ans I was kept woll postad.
 - Mr. Masere folks don't da molhing hat talk

 anlial.



Tlu damage to the state lhat Mahomes ob－ moniml meastire wombla abarmed all who

 I hatern before me Intwo from thre Virginia

 $\therefore$ ハーッ：


























## 214 Aulobiompaphy of John E. Massey

as to Remdjnstment, and that your wishes will be comsulted in all that shall be done. I would mon ask rou to do anything against your conrictions.

- Divisions on local issues onght to be abanfomed, and Comservative Democrats ought to breremited. You (an do more in that direction than any other man within her borders.
- I hate read the report of pour speeth in Chandotexyille, in which yon said that you were a hamdjuster, but that you were a Virginian and a Demorat before von berame a headjusier. I believe som can do more for Virginia than ang other son, and yom maty rest assured that warm lowats and true friends will rally around tou."

IWmatalle John A. Bathom wrote me on the


- I hase been shown a letter addressed to you
 ald my solicitation to his that wom frement, if gwsilde. the wild legisation which has been
 th the state from every standpoint.
- I hate mot murls time to write as the train is about to leare. I salid to Wise that som were doing for Vibuina what mother man rombld do; that ! man wore not in office now : and that fome apomse omat to be home be others and that I wombark som to allow me to brovide these frisomally, which I hope !ou will do."

1 mpliad th thesplethers:
"If rimmonames have plared me in position








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## CHAPTER XX

## MAIIONE

I AM not able to recall all the bills that were agreed to in calleus, or their eomserativa order.

The following are some of them: Bills to remove the Board of Visitoms of the Iniversity of Virexinia; of the Virsinia Military lnstinutr; of the Nedical College: of the lastitution for the

 ife Asylmme of all commty amd rity N•hool superintemdents; of all seloon Trusteres of all

 to be filled hy Mahomeitrs.

Wahomede comaty jurleres had bern racted. sumbe of these were erod amd worlly men, and fair jurters ; others wore hoth imeontworn and

 hler, who, it was alleged, hatl somokiml of ron-
 rlothes, containin! a parle of ralds, from whirh hr comld draw whilr phatins. This •• Lizard
 ly the
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ㅡㅗ A Atoliongraph!y of John E. Masse!y
tors and two Representatives who stand firmly amd rordially by President Arthor: and moder this bill, if it pass the Semate, our liberal forees will send to W:ashington si, more supporters of the Federal administration than we mow have. 'Fo intrench and further it the present appordiomment bill is awowedly framed--1o elect cight ('m!n!ssemen out of ten who shall be ermmittred
 his. administration."

This same paper, General Mahones monthpiece, had said but a short time before:
"We insist that General Mahone John E. Massey, Col. Fulkerwon, General Ellint, amd others are today, indeed, alway have berm, as grool and true Democrats as comeral Hmonn, (imeral Beale. Smator Johnston it if omme
 amd some of our representatives in congress will be tanght the lescon ere lones. when the ohd Dominion will semd a delegation to Washington
 ter:s-as firm bemorrats an an be foum in the Stateror out of it."

Another cancus measme was a bill to reate
 simer of sabs was to be apmonted in wath rommty and dity of the state when shomh havere
 Wirial procedings Parties litigatht won in




made imedrierably Republican: but Mahome would have been vested with antocratic power int and ower, her.

Some but those who were angaged in this deadly ronflict have, of ceth hate, full apperect ation of the fate of Virginia which was sum pended upon its result. From my heart I thank Giod that lle made me instrumental in averting such dire derradation, hmmiliation, and ruin from her.
















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2.2 Autohiography of John L . Massey
he had been too fully indorsed by them for the highese office in their gift to dombt their respect fore ant rontideme in, him. LIe appared before tham under different arembstaners from those momer which he last addressed them. Them he was adsocating cerabin measures and was spakfing in behalf of a mited party. There hat since been umpeasant romplications amb rontentions. It was but matmral that they shomble desire to know their wigin and ranse. He desired to explain them failly, imparially, and as folly as he could in a single address.
" Mr. Massey said he thonght he conld justly. raim that no ome had better right to speak for the Readjuster jarty than he had. When the party was in its infancy no one denied his right to hear all the odimm and abuse which eombla he hurled at him ly its opponemts, and now, if there were any homor attached to its sucers. he omght to be permitted to share it. Instand uf this, hewever, he was more bitterly denomened by some of those with whom he had reerember (e) operated than he had wer been ber the opposite party. He had been eharged with 'treason, malled an "apmstate. romparad to Bemediat Ar. nold, to Julas Iscariot, amd to (aniteam. Similar swed mithots hat been med with weremere to his frimuls in the Semate, who hand gramed the dithe of ' Big F"our"' who hat placed the prophe of Yirginia moder imperishahle ohtigations to them, who will be embaned in the atheetions of there combtromen and live in history. sumbumer he a hald of ghery. white those who demomere them- Mahone his satellites, amb henehome will be forgoten or remembered onle with forl. ings of detestation. Why, Mr. Masser asked,


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## 224 Autobiography of John L. Mussey

and more; they have redecmed every pledge, and moré.
"، Now, if these witnesses tell the truth what justification have they for the foul charges they pultish against "Massey \& Co.?" Each one of the "Big Four" soted for every measure these witnesses boast of having passed, and no one of these measures could have been passed if they had roted against them.
"' I do not claim that our promises to the people were all complied with. We promised them, and I meant to fulfil it, that the war interest upon the State deht should be eliminated from it in any settlement which might be made. This was not dome. Wre promised that whaterer hill might he passed for its seftlement should be submitted to the people for their approval or rejeretion before it should berome a law. This was not done. Why were these phederes violated? I cannot answer this question positisely. I am glat that the canse of these violations of plighter fath, and all the frickery commeded with them. were kept from me. There are men, howewre who beliew that those who were manipulating and shaping legishation upon these materes were sperolating in State honds, and hoped, hy having these hills to take effect from their pasare, that the present rome of Appeats would art upon them and pronomere them meronstitutional, and thus give them another opportunity for sperulation. Howerer this may have heen, and althongh these hills were mot in all resperts what I wished, I sincerely hope they mase be sustamerd and the deht question former settod.
""What was it that Mahome and his pimps wished to have done which was not done, and



 his will athl pleasimre，for the sule forfore of












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2ロ: Autobioctraphy of Johen E. Massey
to amend the joint order for the election of artain judges by pressing that of anditor, and (1) proered with then seriatim. 'This was moted down. Then General Newbery moved to ad. jomro, which motion prevaled, thas breaking the joint order, and produring the famons deadlow, which gave rise to the immortal lig fome
". . Ifter this, continumd Mr. Masser, 'alldall during the deadlock I was chatere with malawfulle obstructing the important husiness of state hewisation. This was a false aremsation made be wagereme liddaberger, the little hose and somesman of the hig bose of great pretemsions. I was a very gool man and ther wamber to make me auditor for a second term, but becanse I dedined to go into, of be governed and led by, King Caners, then I beame the sum total of boworhiness, add all mamore of imperations were heaped on mer head. And just here, my
 is dur to the lig Fomr log Viginia, and her fathful soms. They have won an improrishahte falm whirh will shine hithter and hrigher thongh roming vers. They were tried and
 herislatime. Combrast these moble and inmp-
 A rewn of infallug decks the how of thes who are trying to !rimd down the old bominion into the dust and Virginians into abjert samer of


 nu"n in the wily of lagistation matil the hows
 wore takn on them: hat wats not the elowing


























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2as Authriography of John E. Massey
in the election of Judge Christian, of the IHasting. Comt of Richmond, for whom he roted. He was a lawer himself in his carlior days, and hand a great liking for the profession. Even now, when he emered a comethonse and luad two havers sparting awis, he lelt like an old war-lomse, and became cagre for the fray again.

- At this point Mr. Massey proceded to scarify Gemeral Xahone for his reerent sote in the semate to phace a stigma upon Southern voldiers, his compatriots in arms. Mr. Massey redated the strong tie of fellow: hip that existed between soldier and soblier; how they nsed to sit arommd camp-fires and tell their tales of war, of their escajes, and of the cutting down of brothers and companions beside them amidst the smoke and tire in tieds of dreadful camage; how they stoon shoulder to shoulder in mathe a hoody contest, and of the lamels they wom. This was smmething to try mens souls-to show the kimd of staff they were made of. la all this rompanionship of arms there was a mion of hearts and a mion of souls, something mot equaled won hy the mestir houl in the hothermool of masomr-ides that were seated with fire and
 times worfol disaster.
*There remained but one man in the womblat forastonish mankimd amd insult mamhome That man was Willian Mabome He was an ingrate and su confersed himsilf when lar stomb in in the semate of the raited states in the name of old Viaginia and woded to derrande so mans of hor hatresoms. who had fonghtambled for here amd of whom the bones of st many thou-














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Mahone aud King Caucus ceased to take any further interest in the matter.
.. When upon the motion of semator Newberr: the semate so changed the bill as to allow the feople of eath community wede their (ommissiomere of sales, the Mahometers refased to sump port and pass the bill. Why". Would he be less worthy and useful if elected by the people than if appointed ly Mahone? Are the people less rapable of selecting the officers than Mahno is of making the selection for them? None of these. The onl! reason was that if the were Chown by the people they would non be lat homes took or puppets with his collars aromul their meeks and his lites in their moutlis. Yet hear in mind he elatms to be working in the interest of liberalism: O Liberty, liberty, what adts of "pmesesom have been prepetrated in thy hallu:

- Another scheme of self-aggandizement, sald Mtr. Massey. was the bill to dertare the commissions of motaries public ramat throme out the state on the lst of Jily next. These

 had they dome that they shomblathe he vacated? Cohhing. Theirexeat offome was that the laree majomity of thell were mot hoot-licke of the hise
 homatr.
. . Another step in the same dienetion was to take ffom the rombts the right to :1pmint thair Cummisinners in lamery and Comminioners of Aremmes, athd pare them in the hambe of the Exemotive who was in the hames of Mahome.
















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23: Iniobiography of Jolun $E$. Masscy
"... We would like mightily to get his vote."
".The friend asked: "Why, how is that? havent rou got Williams"."
.... Not hy a long ways; and as for Hale we don't want him-wouldn't give him h-l room after we got his rote." [Laughter.]
". These were the very words the little boss usied.
*- One of the most outrageons measmres introduced into the legisbature was the ('ommissionere of Railroads Bill. What gave rise to that monstroms measmre was the fact that Manager lionk, Superintroulent lluser, and othres of the Norfolk and Western Railroad gave offence to the VirGimia boss. and he thereupon coolly made a demand on I'resident Tyter for the removal or dis(hatre of the offerteres of his boss-ship, which insufferable arroginnee was rejeeted with the s.or'm amd contermpt it morited. Just listen to ond of tha exdions of this bill:
..... That the sadid (ommission shall have ern)(rat supwisory control of the road, to whom matlors of discourtosy by rombluctors, agornts, and rmploperes of railroad companies, matteres of lerolietion and acoommorbation at stations, poper lights and lamdings at stations where passumer fratns stop during the night, shall be reporter, amd said rommission shall have full power to atet in thr promises ; to order romoval of $\therefore$ all oflicial : and to order suldt rhanges as will lose serolle ther safoty and areommondation of lhe puhlie: and every railroad rompany shall

 a rople of this seretion: and the removal of :anco afterry arrat or emplover which the (ommission-





































if mot as a randidate at least as a private ritizen, in behalf of the peop) of the state. 「Applanse.
*•It has been prommenated by the satrapes
 were quing to support Dresident Xrthur in return for what he lat dond for Viruinia. I think Fresident Gadfold was ond of the hest and no-
 proved himself a friemat to Virginia amd the entire Somtlo. Now, low $\because$ or on his pirtore and then on that. What has Prexident Arthur dome
 ratiral administration? The lioss"s Rialmond organ sars the Stata owes him a debt of eratiture for somethine ar othere. What for". What

 aven rexommended the redurtion of the tax on
 "n ang of rome prodmetions? Som, where does thr eratitura rome in? I ronfers I ame at a loss to sere it. 'Thre Whig and its hoss maly en
 hat What right has it wr Manome to derlarr that


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State. In educated colored man, when quesfiomed on the subject, said that some of the colored Ropuhimans would also votr for the Parsom. The Baptist religion, moreorer, has a strong hohd on them, and Mr. Massey is a shinimer light in their chureh."

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シ3内 1 Alobioyraphy of Jolun $E$. Mussey
"To the Voters of Virginia:
 ton representatives in the mext Congres of the
 siomal districts in the State, ome (onseresman

" In response to momerons ralls from men in different portions of the statr, for whose opinions abd wishes I hato great resper. I hatro abmomerd meself a ramdidate for that position.
"I think von know me sumiriontly woll to helieve me sincere when I assume rou flat: if I Wrar to he woverned alone hy my own ferling and preferemees, I shonhl never again be a atadidate for any politioal oftioe.
" I reeognize the falet, howerar, that no ordinary personal comsidemations ean justify ant son of Virexinia in declining formore any lewitimate servier which hor welfare dramamls, whan rallad 11porl to do so by his frllow-ati\%ells alld his own ronviations of Buty.

 romb support.
"While, howerer, I shall highly appreviate
 and reperet still more highly.

- I comla mot rexeret to rijoy these if I wore


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"Four seroma Parars past the sothemant of the


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 thioll.

"Neither the one nor the other shomld indulere in criminations or recriminations, hat, formetting
 aror have existed hetwern them, shomld mate their connsels and eombine their wistom to detramine wpon that comese whirh will most rertainly sare Virginial from thr datnerers that threaterl her.

- Wr should aim to preserve for har that high and honorable position whirlt she has ever held among lore sister States, amot, if possihler raise her still higher and rown her with still greater homor amd prosperity.
"I need searealy inform ran, my follow-eitizens, that I first formalated ame emomaiated the prineiples of leatjusiment, and that $I$ have stood firmly and mswervingly her those pinriplres at all times, in all platres, amd mallor all rir"omstances. foom an honest ronvietion of rioht amd buty. These farts are well koown to all.
" I was, lawrerer, a Virexinian amd a Demoerat hefore the question of latalastment ever arose.
 ramed my devotion to my State or rhanged my politial promedples.
" F have alwas eoncedmed to those who diffored with me the same rioht to think. speak. and art for themsolves that I have relimod for mysilf. amd have trated both them amd their
 politiral pesition has heen so well moterstord in my rombty and my listriat that I hare merod

 Jajuhlän tirknt atainst me.





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hand mon fored that belief upen me her the most indubitable evidence.
"Think of it, my fellow-ritizens: Virginia, with all her past glory and ramon:- with all los future hepers and prosperts!-Wirginia, the - Mother of States and of statesmen `.--ron and I amd our chiddren:--all to be hartered for at far offices, to ber filled with submissive tools that are willing to yird the most ahjert and servile whediene to antoreatic rabe for the tritheng homars and emoluments of a palrer office! Was exer so molle a heritage sold for so poor a mess of petage:
"But, my fellow-eitizens, thomgh the sale may be agred upon, the transfer ramot be mate without rome romsent. If rou are mwilling to to mande merehandise and deliwered over to your purdaser, if ammot he dome. The power and the right the experise it are in rour own hands. That wou will exereise it wisely I ramot dombt.
"Yom may be bold that the perent Fomeral Aministration is frimelly to Virgimia, and that this frimully dispusition ought to breremperated. No bur will more fully apmeriate kindmess than
 what has the Remmbiran pary of the Xorth dome for Vireinia that plater lor madre ohligation



 the twhaten and whiskere amd beandy which are

 of tatation. whirh flowle the State with Femeral wfice-hohders to amme and vex our ritizens and


































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Z44 Antobiompaph!y of John E. Massey

- Are Virginians ready for such hmmiliation and wrong? lou have fought and hed in defemer of cour rights and your liberts. Will you now sit tamely by and see them taken from you whome an eftort to prevent it? Remember that "peate hath her vietories no less than ware’ A grand but hoodless victory is within your reach. lout forth rour hame and grasp it. Your banner is now mufurled and toating poodly in the hreaze. By the blessing of Him who rules the mations it shall never tail in dust, and never be furled matil viatory perehes upon it. "Very respertfully, "Jomn E. Massey.


## ".July 10th, 18S2."

After l enmsented to be a candidate for Com-greswan-at-large, Hon. A. X. Keile?, claiman of the State Exerutive Committer of the Democantic parts, proposed to call a romemtion to nominate me as the parters camdiante.

I opposed his doing so. I wrote lim, in answer to his loter to me:

- If it wre propesed to call a combention to mominate "amdidate. I should appore it ; but when your saty that it has bern abreatly deciderd that lam to be mominatud. I think mo mominafion shomblomate Re-miting Fumber and


 If 1 her mominater ber rither wine of the party
 Sh Vibuinians know that 1 am a bemocrat. They alsu know ilat I am a Readjustery. If I









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foters. I spent nearly the whole of both sessions of the 48th Congress in Washington, earnesty bat vainly trying to get my contest acted 110.6. It was nerer culled un!'

Another contestant was reated just two hours before the final adjourment of the serond session. He had been kept wating, through both sessions; the contestee hedd the seat and drew all the perpuisites and full pay to the last day: then the contestant was sworn ing, hedd his seat two homs, and drew full pas and all the perquisites for the two sextions.

I had many ammsing and some romgh experiences during this canvas.

Hon. Johns. Barbom and I were at Madison Comet House together. Wise was experted to meet me there, hat did not do so.

When I commenced speaking thr Mahomeites tried to heak up the meding. Whromer I at tempted to spak ther would call "Wise: W'ise: Wise:" some of my frimels wished to resent this sumbusty, hat 1 diswided them. I stome guietly matil there was a lult: them I said 'guirkly: "A man omer hasting to amother of his wreat prowese sald. I fall rall spirits
 -hat will they ranire when yon rall then!" Yom

 as well le quid.."

Ther quider down amd war me. with but



 if they poke in my hehalf it wouk drive Funder-


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24s Antobiography of John L. Massey
of Demorratic Fiunders and Democratic Readjustors, and the phacing of the Democratic party thas mitad in control of the state.

The stamion liadicator, an independent fomucratic paper extablished in 1840, said with refareme to this fact:

- Hon. John R. Massey, on all fuestions that have ariven in comuretion with the state deht, is the ablest, best informed, and most far-sereng of the public men in Virginia. It is a broand stalduent, but it is true, and we think there is handly a man to be fomm that will deny it. Ste has dome more for the bemocratic party, as an imlividnal, than any one man in Virginia, if we exerpt llom. John S. Barmomr. One, Massey, serimed to the bemoreary the possibility of (arryBug the State: and the other, barhome, made the possibility into an aromplished fact. Massey has berne more for the Demoreacy of Virginia than any one man in the state, and we rhat lenge al fontradidion of the statement.
The party has mamimomely come to the stand takion loy Mr. Massere."

I bemoreatic convention was hedr in lanch-
 rombitter of thirty members-threr from sath Comeresemal district-was apminted to draft a "patform." That committer, after a brief

 mysilf. Major Kailey and I difteren on there prints. It tinally firdded two of them. but would not coment to my views on the thita. We disensed it mit after smodown. When the









## CHAPTER NXII

## WHO SETTLED THE STATE HEBT?

* To the Editor of the Dispalrle: 'The Leerislature of Virginia, having passed such hills for the settlebtent of the state debt as were deemed neressaly and proper, and the supreme (ourt of the United states hatinge decietad that those bills are constitutional and valiol, those Radaljusters who acted from prindeple, amd mot from solfish motires, consider the deht settled, st far as lryistalion can sottle it , amd are willing and anremes to drof the whols suhjeet amal let it "slerp the slerp that kowss mo wakims. Ther fere hat little persomal eomerra as to who exets
 the hattile of labdjustment amd formmated the pincoples whicht ware it sumeres.
" lint as the ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ hitg amd those who reho its notes insist that the deht is mol sodlod, but is
 they elaint to hato hern its sperial rhampions in




 for whose wishos I hatre grat rexpot. to wive \& fex imedorats in the history of the fight for

- l will stiatr. l! Wal of introrlaraion, lhal I, in (onmmon with a larer majority of tho (on-





































foom honds which had been issued could. Taxcollertors had no way of distinguishing the one from the other-the spurious from the genuine. Moreower, the plates from whirh they were mate Were still in existence and in the hands of a Norflaril eompany, which rould, if they chose. make millions more of them.
" Asain, these coupons were, in my opinion, liable to be counterfeited. The report of the
 pointed (in 18S0) to examine the books and valuable papers in the Second Anditors oftior shows that this opinion was not withont reason. It sals: "Our investigation also brings to light the astounding fact that some rompons have passed through the offire which have no fare or bond nomber, and the presumption is very strong, in the opinion of form Committer, that these coupons are counterfaits, and the eompon sestem is liable to grose violation by eonnter friting. We submit this fact, amd berg to rall ramr attention to ther vast extont to which the State may sulfer by such imposition.'
" After maturely consideriner tha diffieulty whiel environer the subjert the most frasible plan I comld devise for meeting them was not to deny the receivability of eompoms. but ta provide hy law that no paper purportiner fo be a enmpon shonld be fererived hy any fax-colledor
 throrforr. prepared a bill, whirh I prosented in

 tainorl ronpons form being perotiod in payment

"Ahomt tem days after the introduction of this




 alld that the me:asures which I propenal wome















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can be received, was one of its fiercest opposers, and made one of his characteristic sperdes asainst it. Four recorded votes were taken upon the bill-first, to lay it on the table ; second, to angross it ; third, to reennsider the rote by which it was ordered and engrossed; and fourth, upon its final passage. Ase Homse Jommal of ses sion $1574 \cdot 75$, pages $24.5,249$, and 2.6 . $)$ On eath octasion Riddleberger and .Judge B. W. Lacy voted arainst it.
"Opposition to every practical step in faror of headjustment wats persisted in for more than two vears after the defeat of "Pason Maseres Compon Bill hy the men who mow dam to have been the experial adroeates of hearjustment.
"In Mareh, 187T, the Riehment Whig, then. as mow, Gemeral Mahones organ-the utterer of his thoughts- -hampioned the bondholders cause so earmestly that it aldomated taxing 'whiskey and doess, to pays the interest due on them.
"Its objection to the Funding liall of $1 \times 7$ was not that it moduly hurdened lorrom!eres and dith them ingustifer hat that it was minget to bemolhodders. It said in one of its mitorials: 'This art, upon the part of the State, was an
 itor: Take the bond offered for rome deht, redared mothime ame the interest shall he pata punctually: if mot. rom shall be paid mothines. As judge amb jurs. the state detamined the rase. The ereditor had mo option hat to aceept the ferms or the retain the repmatiad ariginal lwond.
"These ment ame their parasites mown remoned the canse of Readjustment, hat pere





































Zä; Amboliography of Johm Li. Massey
Republicans, hat Arthur- Mahomestahwart-Coali-tion-Republicans-men who are not Repmblames from principle, hut as matter of tade and harter; men withont chamater amd inthenere, apostates for the price of their apmstaly.
"Very respect fully,
"Jomin E. Masisiz.
"Ash Lawn, Ipril $^{2}$ ?, 1883."


#### Abstract

 



 fッllowins:



























cause of his inestimable servieres to the party amd to the state of Virginia.
" . V Voter."
The (inotson $/$ lemoerat published the follow. ing:
" Surely no Democrat in the state is more deserving than Mr. Massey to a hater mpon the Demorratic (imbermatorial tieket this fall, amd We sinerery hope that old Man Massere will be phaced upen that ticket, mot only becalase we think he deserves to be placed there bent that lae would add atower of sirengello the ticetet, beratise ofl hime all the elements of ble Demo(ratic party (an be mated in ont wrat rally for the tieliet."

I was solicited to berome a camblidato for momination by ritizans of other romatios as wedl as



 Kimmer: aml l wrer amblalates for momination.














 -ilil! :












 silil:









 Hli- monHill!r."





260 . 1 utoriontraphy of John E. Massey
Ilonomahb liufus A. Ayers was nominated for Athaner- G (eneral.

John s. Wise was Mahomes tamdidate for (indermor: Clint. Wood, for Liemtemant-dovernor. and Frank S. Bair, for Attormedemeral. Ho was then Attornergemeral.

Our first apoointment for speaking was at Fairfan Court louse. I expected denemal Lee to open the cambas, but sirkness in his family perented him from doing so, and the daty derolved upon me.

On my way I was introduced to Rer. Dr. Nesom, rector of the Episeopal Church at Warrenton. Itre fold me that some of his friemds were surpriset at his going to hear me speak, as he was so oppesed to me when I met ('aptain shepuerd in W:aremtom. ". sul was. l fohd them," he romtimed, $\cdot$ and that for Xr. Mas-
 allery with him, hime find he is the most romsistemt pelitician I exer kuew. Ha hats persistmat! adrocated measmes whith the Demon matia paty mas bitury grposent, and her has beren mom abmsed than any man in Xirginia, firs her


 and thes who mos bittorly opposed and 小-
 am ratmeth :






















 stille."















 |in! 1.

"M, friemd says I am the Atlas of Virginia, hasing more sins on mey shoulders than any man in the state. If that be so, I am also the most fortmatr man in Virginia. I have bern met by the erambest and most magnamimons army this gramb ohd State can master. This army has met me with umbroken ranks and has sald, 'Mr. Masse!, we will be your scapegoat. We will take four sins mon our shoulders, and you shall no Whare lir responsible for them.".

Major lanime. Who was sitting behind me, said to (iomeral Wabler, "That is so."

As Mr. AYers, his driver, a Mr. Coman, and I were going fom Lebanom, in linsell Comity, to Clintword, in Dickrason County, in a domblesathed. topless carriage, we met with an acrident. When wa were on a steep momitainside that ran perepitomes. from thr road to a stream brlow, I sall the (alriage was about to upset. I threw inswedf as far to the mper side as 1 cond to prownt it. I did mot preant it, low-
 pwition. I was pitelned head formost, m! heal struck the eromud about ten fere from the raid, atm literally phothed the grommed distane of
 line and fomg toit. My hat was presed orer m! fiar wholl me head strurk the gromm, and partially protectal it.

When I was sulficiently reocered from the showk to talke in the situation, I saw al pile of

 yun thr rocks, and Ar. Coman was dancing





































264 Autobiography of John E. Massey
would give me pleasure to preach there on any suitable oreasion, but that I was acemstomed to meding my engagements; that I had an appointment to suak there that day; that a goodly mumber of people han come to hear me, and that I must not disappoint them.
"Well," said he, "I don"t believe in mixing polities and religion, anyway."
"I do," I replied, "provided you mix them right. Ily moto is never put politics in your religion: rou cant improve religion by any admisture ; but put as much religion in rour politics as possible-the more the better. I sometimes illustrate it this way: A man shombl nerer put whiske in his water; water is more heathful and bemefiefal as it comes from mat tures laboratory than it can be mate by any admixture but, if he will arink whisker, put as murh water in it as posihb-drown olle the rey smell of it:"

The wowd that had gathered begath to weres. aml the ex-jultar left.

Ther Rampaster representation of (amond Fombty was an Antimission haptis puather.
 hand an appointment to spak at Carmoll (oumt Homse on Mondily amd I wrote to this Mahome fotser requexing him to mahre ant appeintment for me to preath on Smmar. Itr popied an :
 what defating mansures that hand hern agremb
 make mo apmintment for surh a taitor as I いま!
 fing that I was in town, callod on me, and in-








## CHAPTER NXY

## I. E! TTEN.

WE Were given a grand reception at sanger*s Hall the night before tha inallowration. (iersmall Lere amd Mrs. Lere and I stood upon the platform and shook hamels with the thousambs that passed around. Mrs. Lee hore the ordeal
 rlose She then bereame exhansted, fanterl, and latd to he taken from the hall. I shook hamds notil mẹ wrist was swollen amd my hamd was alomose helphes.
'Thr inallsmeafinn was simple amd mostenta-
 of thr Homse of Dolegintes. Hom. L. L. Lamis, leresilant of the ('omf of Appeals, alministered
 ont rexperifor dutios.

 statces intores, and was ray pronlar with all -las心は,






 ministor of the (insper that eror held the other ;


 11.1.0."




 lle alitur of the /lixpletr:





 -trif- buhind larm.








 11.1:1!l|lel.











"The thonght of offering, rereiving. or consid. aring any other terms of setthement than those contaimed in the labldehered bill should not be cutertaimed for a moment.
$\because$ don not these proposidions sator of repmadiation?"
"Before answering this guestion let us comsider a few historical fatets.
"All who are familiar with the passare of the Founting Bill of $1 \times \mathbf{1} 1$, whirh sapped the foundation of State severeignty and deprived the State of the power to control her revembes for thirty-four vears, know that it could not have been passed hut for the framdulent use of momer, which was furnished by hondholders or their agents. I do not mean that all whored for that hill were thas inturemed. Sime who voter for it were as hightomed amd hommahore men as treald Virginia soil. Rat. I do mean to saly the hill combt mot lame been passed hat for the comrupt ase of moner furnished for that purpese.
"For ton rears the people bore the intoler able and monst harden this frambland hill imposed. Wher they romblat werger bear it they did not retaliate by offering their oppessors less ilam justioe amd equity didated, hat pros posed to par thecir areditors alome domble the amomit they ought to par.
"How has this liberal offer been met" B: mondts, fander, and threats. By dragering the State, like al duprit, to the hare of a partixan
 the laws of Viaginia, and offerine to defomb them amd to sare them harmbes in their disobodiome of therir own laws. By semine so to aromes the empidity of taxparere as to make it


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2-0) Autobiography of Johln E. Massey
materially. Assuming this to be the purport of your tirst question, the answer to it is twofold.
"First. Shall the Southern States, as all the States of the Foderal Conion shomble enjoy respectively the free and fall exerefe of their reserved rights and the uninterrupted antrol of their respective State and other lowal wovernments:
"This question is foreed upon the South hy the frequent referenee which is made to the Somthern policy of the Ferleral administration.
"Why should there be at somethern any more than a Northern, Eastern. or Western jolier?
"The people of the Somthern States as did. also, many of the ahbest statesmen of the Northern States, beliesed that somertign States had a right to withdraw from the Forderal C'nion whenever, in their opinion, they hat just canse for so doing. This right was submitted to the arbitrament of the sword, which dereded agamet the Sontherm Stater.
"The perphe of the Somth acerepted the result in perfectly grom faith. They admitherl the indiscolnhility of the lonion of Naters, aml went to work with will and derev, mparalleded. to rehoidn their fallen fortmos.
"No portion of this hroad lamd of oms can show a more peaceable. orderly, lan-lowing ditizenship, or one more loral to the louted states flate amb Gownment, than the Sumbern states. This wonld be quickly domomstrated. if any "arthly pow shomblare do asation or insult that thas or meremment.
"Whre then, if this he a perfere 「nion-merer






























 int・サール。






27: Autobingraphy of John $E$. Mussey
cated for, and acenstomed to, making, construing. abd execoting laws. It framed this 'the hest gevermment the word ever salw ; laid the foumbation, reared the superstionture, and engineered it safely through both ralm and stom, motil it stands, the admination of the eivilized world.
"The other party is composed mainly of the inferion race-negroes. A rater that has mever cehibited qualifications for making, romstromge, or rexerting laws, for wowerning others, or for self-government. They have meve been traimed or edurated for such work, and are wholly withont experience in it.
"Is it not selferevident that the welfare of both races (amd more esperially the werker), ther jusdice amd wisdom of omr lans, and the stability of emormment, all demamd that the reins of govermment be in the hands of white men:
"It may be argued that the 'colored legions are offerered hy white mem.' This, to some ex. tent, is trum. It is also true that some woot ant worthy men aftiliate with them politically.
"These however, are exeptional ases. The bolk of white men who thas affiliato are men who are camer for ofice, hat whose fitmes for it is seren only he themseloes and when use the nergomes as strpping-stomes to office.
"If the rolored rater is lese ghatified to gevren that the white race is, it logially fothows


" I have thas stated what l beliew to ber the
 most impertant question to the somth.
"To some secomd question, llow slomh it be
 111 ill-lly is:






















$$
\cdots . J+11 \backslash 1: \text { Il }
$$



## Chapter XXVI

GLBERNATORLAL CONVENTION AND CANVASS OE 1889
I was called on to address the (aubermatorial convention of 1889 . In concluding my address I said:
"Mr official life is mearing its close, and I never expect to be a camdidate again for any office. Before retiring to private life I wish to wise ntterance to some thonghts that may not meet with rour approval. I will say, therefore, that I alome am responsible for them. I do not express them as the semtiments of the comsention, nor do I ask the convention to condore what I aln groing to saly.
" 1 :an a frimel of gemeral chumation. I would like to sere erery (hild in Virginial educated, provided it ain be done fairly, homestly, and justly; hat 1 an tired of sering white men taxed to edufato megroes, who show their ingratitude be arraving themselves aganst as at exery eredion.
"I want the tases paid hy white people applied tw the education of white rhidden; and those paid ber merores appled to the education uf mexterndideng Led them have, in addition to the taxes they pay, wory dollar that is given 10 blam volmataly, me matter by whom; but dont compal the lomest, industrions white men

 fathosiar mot willing to gay murla as their
raputation tax -whe dollar whirh is dediratma

 -
























 p:19! !"










 Larr, Judge Foamoleror, ame others of like stamlingr, who mited and ro-nperated with us, beramse they beliewod the primeiples atrd measwres of the party were right, l ronsidered it no repuraleh, but rather al compliment to be chatred
 often Was, with berine "The Olal (original," " Ther
 amd similar terms.

Whern (irneral Mahone amd II. II. Ridhlleberger, both of whom hand opposed leatloustors amd Readjustmorit, mitul with ms, thr former hringing the Riahmomd Whitr, and the lattor the Shanamboah Merald to ontr support. I thousht themt valuable aronisitions. I did mot suspert them of hawing joimed mis for meremary pimposes.
 Hrally triad to
 p:artics.


 distimetive matmos. It was both reasomable amd

 partiore.

Thase who had bren arting from patriotice mo-







 allal 111: :1-111"s.



























2-s Amtobiography of John E. Massey
On the 30 of July, 1889, my wife died at Ash Lawn in Shemarle Cobnty. She pased away as falmly and pearefully as folling into a gentle shay.

## (HADT1: XXVII






























2s0 . 1 utobiograph!y of .Johath E. Massey
alected mo as to rember our erneational sistam




 \&
 pald in peare.
" I hope it will mot he resildeal out of platr if I remind yon that, dhrime m! rommerton with



 Hs flat wo arre a part of that strath whirla is constamtly amb rapidl! erliding down tha rhan-
 shomld wot tha thonght prompht rath of as to
 whr examplos maty le worthy of imitation, onf



" 11 berommes my dat! and it is mur plas:ant

 the rontiderner that foll will mse it amd till flar

 the feenple of Virwinia."











 llit.

























Wrer faithful, good, and true men. I deemed meself forfmate to be assordated with such men in the important and responsible duties committed to us.

While I was Superintemdent of Pulilie Instruction I visited llampton, amd lhe following is a newspaper ateconnt of the addresses made there:
" Dr. II. L. Wavland, Editor of ilar Sational Baplist. Dhiladelphia, and Inr. Masser, Superintentent of lonhlie lnstrurtion of Virwinia, were, with otheres. refouseded to maker addresses at the detiration of 'seionee llall' at the llampton Agricultural amd Merlanical Institute for Ne. sroes and Indians.
"This suribre does not proposio fo give a full
 as show the tremd of earlo. looth addresses were mictur.

* I fr. Wilvand spoke first. Wa is an able man
 fase in his eompliments of thas. Ifriaro- Smeri-

 ligion siner llario emancipation: experially, as





 I live in a ronntry which wor toleratod slavers:
 'have also madre somb progrese for which they


## 















 lime.





















graded the $\backslash$ frico-Americans, as my predecess sor chame it has is it mot fair to suppose that their ancestors in their matior land, who have escaped the roke of American homdage, have matle grater progres in thes eno wars than the ir descemdants in the somblarm states hame?
"a This is a fair deduction from the promises. The ratere in $\backslash$ fria to-day have had more than 200 vars of fredom. Is the romedusion that ther have made greater progress than the $\backslash$ frien Amerianss statamed ber fats?

- When stanley was exploring Afria but a fro vears aso, hre fomd hor inhabitame mot omly samere, but ramilals. One of the darkest deeds reported he him was the purehase of a gitl from one tribe and the giving her to another tribe to sar their mowd of killine and cating a homan beins. Whon facts prow legitimate condosions to be false the permises are unsomind.
". How, them, are we to aromut for the fact that the rolored people of the somtl atre far in adrane of their rame in their mater land? I know of hot one way of arommting for it. It is the result. the fromit, the ontatome. of starery.
 day be in similar romblans as the ir amestore in thar mative land are. Can alystron whirl has
 restle as l ser hefore me. be altomether harl: If rour, my colowind friomls, fully ralizer what


 isloml. It has aromuplisherl ite miswon. But. on foum arcemat, I thank fion that sharer oner
















 fruits of llıir labors."•



















2af Autobiosfraph!y of John E. Massey
dirm for therir attendance during thrir mortins in addition to their fraveling expenses going to and frome them. The then existing loand salve their time, amd rhatered only their expenses. For altomding resulat mertings the members were only entitled to rhare the experses which were
 ing to their respertive lombes. If smmonomed to aftemd a called mertinge of which they had mo notice before leaving home it was legitimate amd rieht that they shomh abater therexperses neressarily incorred in attending the meeting. In
 for the rexpenses indored in its behalf.

Wharl I left latma I hat mo expertation of this extea madime of the exerotive rommittere: mor did I know of the rimenmstamers whirla neressitated it. Rasponding to this mand sum-
 trip, solely for the bermfit of the collese at per
 What hisereforiju cost me.
 romber Virginia Somator rharged in the semato
 "xpenses of mer "hridal frip." lor rither knew this to be false when her matde the
 had wished to art failly and homomally. Ho also stafed fhat I rhatered milatur on railooals won which I had fore ol (onmplimolltary passes. This and oml! this wats lror. It Was tha maform rastom of ralland romb-



















 lalone



















my position, associations, amd relations emabled me lo combine a forer, which firmly and unfalteringly stood in the brearlo, amd sated the homor and imtegrity of our dear old State.
"For fonr rears I was Lientematideovernor. For the last two years 1 hare been superintendent of Public Instruction.
"I have also been an arefive amd persistent advocate of temperance from my arly youth.
" I havo mot many of Virgimia`s most worthy and homored sons in sharp politiad dis.
"In my rarions positions l have doubtless made many mistakes: hat I have strourn fo till
 duty whirh has devolved upen me, faitlafully atheranseientionsly.
"I shonld have had to be more dhan man if
 Years of treing aronte ame contests, hat I dial not expere at this state of life for have the fonelgatr of wrath and vituperation opermed rрен me.

 this simple stalement, and lative all lo determine how morlh importance is for be atiached fothorowing of aspiring dextadings.
"Vory rexpedfally,






 Ealueation was that of tho Gownrmor (iovernor


 Proformaller. Ile a-smmed his fall - latre of work
 in wharational wark.
 monk ma farthro exjlanatinn:





























made sueerhes of wonderfal power and eloguence in his defence. The case was given to the jury, and ten were not only in faror of vindicating him from every charge, hut of awarding him heaty damages. The opposition of two, esperially of ome, compelled the ten to eompromise om a verdiet of damages of sthe0). If it had been Slfi,000,000, it would have been peremianily no hetter than © 81600 .
" Bint the agony is over. Mr. Massey is trimuphamtly vindicated hy a jury of his countrymen from arery darge, and the arensation has berom banded false. Ar. Masser goes hark to his momatain home with the resped and rengratulations of every grod man in this commmaty. " Nomfork.

In regard to the same suit, the Dispmeth said:
"The battle of the book eompanies wer the shouddere of Mr. Maser is mold. The jury timd that Mr. Mascey is mot gridey of the dame made ly the Korfolk Pilat of prostituting his atione of superimtembert of Poblir Pastruetion 10 ant same the interests of the Amerian book 'omb1:alle:
"This was ther supmome iseme of the rontest. It was of vital comern to . Itr. Maser. persomally and oflicially, amd was of grat consemperme, alst, An this Commonmeath and th the Ameri-

" Hand the jury fomm for the defombants it
 Hand the rembed bern ohberwise that it is, the







































## 292 Lutobiography of John E. Massey

Upon the conclusion of the case I received many letters of congratulation, and the newspapers rerer gemerally expressed phasure at the result.

The following is one of the many letters I received:
"It affords me great pleasure to repeat in this form the imperesions made upon me during the famoms trial in Norfolk of Four suit against the Pilot Publishing (ompany for libel. I was necess sarily a close obserer of all the procedinge per folling and during the trial. At its begming, 1 must confess that I was somewhat vaguly, and without beine able to state exatery whe affered with some perjudiere aganst yom rase. . Wh the trial progressed, and I salw your vigoroms, damotless bearing mader survomding which would have tested the strength of mind and emotion of most men moth your jumion in gears mot only did this prejudier vanish, hat l became comvinced of rome immerner of the darmes hronght against fom ly the litol and was persuaded that
 erer cmanated from a newipapers. Finally, as a rexult of the trial, I marremed that a man
 politial comblits wased in this stathe rould
 the ereod of a life so free from ally just riti-(-isill.
"This statement would low incompletre without
 dignitiod asurem which marked fon thromgh-
 and pelitical chemy comburting thr arse as romb-










"WM. W. Wilini.."



























294 Antobiography of John E. Maswey
this womld be the aim of the eommed of the leitot, and that he would thus, unwittingly, and with malice prepernse (l/alo amime), do me a service.

Hence I rapuested.my commed mot to impose or ratere any terhnial objeetions- 10 open the door ambled it stay orro. This may areount for the irmerant mather introdured; but mot for the
 mor for the lierose allowed romand for the defrose loy the court. I eall thas aceoment for the
 inere to aroome for that of the conrt.

The verdict gave me all that the fury could give-complete vindiation. Had the a warderd messor.000, it would have bed a greater waming to libedreme, but it wombld mot hate bemefited me. I mow have remivel a dollar from ang of my libellers and I haw mo rexeretation of wer rereiving mar. They have mot patid any pari of
 these during the progres of the shat, amblate nerer reament bur went if them.
 Ridhan Walke shomal makr the rasing ame

 with orrofiallor of it. Ilishath was in it. and


 life. lint hefore the lime for his mine su ar-



 Whall it wisk hawn that Mr. Walke comblat met




































296 . Intobiography of John E . Massey
LL. D., Iresident of Randolph Macom College, I prepared a bill fixing the amome of interest (1) Ine paid to all conteges and schook holding statr honds, and included the " Womans Collage" in it-phating it upon the same footing as rolleges theredofore established; and I engineered it thromgh the legishature in 1sat.

Virginia was ammaly expending $\$ 125,000$ on elumational institutions for bors, and but $\$ 15$,000 for the higher education of women.

This disparity was unjust to our daughters, amd damaging the state. Nore than three form her of the tomeres in the publice sehools of Virginia are womeng Many of them are poorly qualified for their werk. Ved they must remainso, or go out of Virginia to ohtain better qualification.

I hard that wix Viminia ladies were teaching
 and thal they all hall woro th other states 10 fremer themedres for the pritions ther were tilling. I wroll to Weratme amb to the collace to aservain what preparation they meded hat they rombl mot wet in Virginia. I was more than

 :ary farilitios.

I hat a bill smbmitted in the Home of Debe-

 ginia. It was refored to the commithe of



Twn profesus of the I'niversity of Virsinia
 sumanden! in having it remend adrame.





















## CHAPTER XXVIII

## RETIREMENT TO IPRIV.ATE LIFE

Resoletwas alopted he thr Couference of Combty and City Smperintendonts of sehools. at the meeting held in Ridhmond, May Rat, were as follows:
"Wheras. demeral aducation is beroming more and more regarded as the bulwark of mational liberty and indepembere: and, whereas, the state of Virginia looke mone her great sys tem of publie froer seloonk with pride and affere tions as a meressary fatore in the mathenamere of here gom mame and in the promotion of the intelligeme amb gemeral welfare of her people: and, Whereas, the IIom. John E. Maswey, the pres "ht Supromambent of Puhtir lastruction of our


 dustry, and with surla satisfartion to his peroptr therefore. be it
 primbuldents of this state, in conferemer assemherd. An here fmblicly thamk him. on behalf of
 of this rommomwalth. for his wrat sureres
 of the many dixtmonished edmatore of this
 : duty, to put upon reand wir sincorn rom-

































:300 . Intobiongiaph!y of .John E . Massey
age of the offien was promised to those who shomlal he dropered, and to their friemols.

1 lad in serry hallot motil the last. Whern the rotes of all sered were cast for the seventh man, he was olected by a small majority.
'Tho pesulf was disappointing to mer frients. 1. of eomres. shared their ferding to some extent, but mo prisoner who hatl served ont his term of imprisommant ronld have rnjored his relase more than 1 did minr. I had been in poblice ofice for fwentr-five rears. after having spent thire rears in the bradice of law and the active ('luristian ministry, and I meeded quict and rest. 1 beliove I have serood my follow-iti\%ens amd my Stato in more ways, rocalions, amd oftiers than ant other man of this gemeration within lare borders.

In my retirement from ofticial life I enjoy the satisfation of having performod my duties rons.jentionsly, faithfully, amd feardescly, to the best of my ability, in every position I have tilled; and that I hate the respert, ronfidence, and sood wishes of the great mass of those with whom, and for whom. I have labored.

## 

## 


















 1洛い。










thr arema of polities amd mane their tight over that single issule.
"Ther elatreal that the bemoreatio partr was run and rondrolled hy the lighor interest. Somer of these speakres asserted that - the whole lome orratir party was in league with herematonns, red-nosed whiskeg hommers, amd hell.
 hat hirelines from another Statr.
 flem, would have diallon mant temperatore men, wha were gend Demoerats, from the Demorratia parte, if thr Tomorratir parfe hat not su plared itself on reeord as 10 enable its alvorates to show their falsity and absumity.
 B., passing the ' Loral Option Law:
 lo mat ask thr legistature. whirh is owrowhom-

 selfegorernment or homer rale. Wr simply ask


 milst."
" 'Thar Drmorratir party (frarr to its prin-




 that flas hat proserd in a most practianl wat


















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304 Alutobioyraphy of John E. Massey
strong reasons why all Christian men should support the present movement in Stamion against granting liquor licenses.
" Mr. Massey looked as vigorous and chippery as usual; and, as is his wont, plonged with little preface into the heart of his subject. After salying that he was not here to abuse saloon kecpers or anyody else, but to give some arguments against license, he went on to sary in part as follows:
". When I was a boy and heard the great evil of intemperanere taked of $I$ thought it combla easily be stopped. I thonght it wassurha horrible vice, that, after being told of it, mohody would follow it ; and that, after that (rep) of drunkards passed away, no more would follow. but it has proved that 1 was as simplo as the man whe sat ley the river, waiting for it to rim dre if find the erop of drunkards is not diminished, hot eontimes. The river does not run dry ; the large army is still marrhing the same rabl to destruedion. liat that does not prowe that it is uselese to try amb stop it. You had as well saly that sehools are useless beramse you have to admate gemeration after gemeration that follow earh other. You hat as well say it is mseless to prearh the donper, hecamse it has to be preardoed to each riving gemeation.
"' I am here foreason with yon toright. If Y give mo grod reason for rom roting against license, then I rand ak for rour vole. What are the whertions that are were amanst yome rotine asainst license?
""one is that if deprives a man of his liberty his rights. Non man has a right to do amphing
that "ill injure his follow mitn. Ther" is ma

 relohed alll
 thil lonhibition lows mot pohilat. Thare is














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## 306 Autobiography of John E. Massey

.. It has been said by some good men that it (an't be helped; that the law licenses it, and that the responsibility is not on them. That reason won't do in this day. The legislature has passed his very law under which you are to vote on Amgnt 20 d , to remove that excmse. It puts the resonsibility right on the shoulder of eath individual voter. The Christian who walks up to the polls in Stamonon and votes to license liquor xelling, takes the rexponsibility before (iod and tha world on himself. If he votes: Yes, it shall le seld. insteald of: Xo, it shall mot be sold. he agrees to stand tegether with the satoon keeper in his trade. There is no erading it, that is ghat where you stand. The hegislature sars yon maly stop it if you choose, and you say you don't chowse That is the hole som phace gourself in.
. - It is all affered igmorane to dry and argue 1lat the satoon busimes is like other busimess. The saloon man knows it isn't : and yom know it isnt. Tha saloon man has to wed arrificate of !fred fhateder. Does any dry goods merehant, any growey merehant, or ally other merehant of amy kimb, have to hate arertitieate of good
 is somblimes sometifyng in the jug and its rantents. that to sell it arertificate of grood
 atmot the man that gete the lierone heramse it womld rellert on the rourt, if we did. [A Voiere: (:onnl. hit him again.]
.. 'The dry gums man has his store widn opern. hig wimdows. worvthing tomake perplo ser what is inside amd combe in and her. The mann of
 ?an get in ?

What he is sulling. That is lhe whe of hosintes





















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& \text {..., Jails. }
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... Yon talk about business. Do you suppose a man is groing to buy less dry goods because he doesu't spend his money in saloons:" Do you suppose a man is going to buy less groceries, shoes, hats, because he spends less money for liguor: Why, you know that is absurd. The real estate men are the sharpest and shrewdest men in this state. When they have propery to well they give it exery recommendation they ean think of. They adrertise that it is mear churches, sehools, stores-did rou ever know one to adrertise that it was near a grog shop? [Applause.] If it were of benelit to the business of a community to have dram shops, don't you suppose the real estate agents would adsertise it? Von know they womb. Is there a sentleman or a lady here tonight who would not feel the value of their home marred, if there wore a dram shop near it? If if were there, it would be the last thing they would talk about as something thal chlamed its value.
". stamon is growing into a fine reputation wre the laml. Wie from elsewhere suak of it,




 is the way that merbory with intereste here lowksal it.
 worls. ('an rom wota for lidense? Ramember it

 it is !!ems. Vom cand transfor theremonsibility










## CHAPJER XAX

## CoNsTITCTHONAL (\%NVENTHON

"To nearly Liono Demorratic voters of Albemarle County:
" (rentlemen: In compliance with rour re-





 minded.

- Permit me to say that 1 am mot prompled t" dre this hy private or persomal motives, hot hy the following eomsiderat ions:
 i-faldory to me.
- Foor many reals I hald alloc:atal ralling a
 winia.













































On the : 2 th of April, 1901, this spectal was semt from ('latrlottesille:
" llon. John l夭. Maser died at (i.15 this after-

" . Nhont a werk ago he spoke in the rain at limumers store dive miles sombly of flanlotesrille; and a derp eold lesulterl. This, in turn, loreloped into wipl, which in atomeror man womlal hate amommed to very litule.
 to allow him foratemal the romvention, whirh mominaterl hime amd Mr. Boatz as Jemorratic
 his malatry refosed to riold totreatment.
 mes. Ilis family did mot rexard hime in in any
 - hatloe for the worse took plare.


 raadion Was momralarmines.
". En indomitallor Was his will that many (x-

 self sald he briaxal he would erd well.


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